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SELECT TALE.

THE WONDERFUL HOUSEMAID.

BY MRS. CAROLINE A. SOULE.

"I'll bet I know somebody that's a great deal handsomer than she," exclaimed little Nell Summers in a lively tone, as she tossed her building blocks into a basket, pell-mell, and climbed into the lap of her Uncle Herbert. "Miss Kate Odell can't begin to be so beautiful as our Ellen."

"And who is "our Ellen?" asked Mr. Lincoln, as he toyed with the child's sunny curls; "and how came little Miss Nell to know what her mother and I were talking about? We thought you were too busy with your fairy castles to listen to us."

"And if I were busy couldn't I hear? It takes eyes and hands to build castles, not ears—don't you know that, Uncle?"

"If I didn't I do now;" and he roughishly pinched the small snowy ones that lay hidden behind the long ringlets. "But tell me little niece, where and who is that beautiful creature that rivals the belle of the season in charms, according to you?"

"Why, its' Ellen, our Ellen, and she's up stairs, I suppose."

"But who's Ellen, and what does she do here?"

"Why, Ellen's the maid, and she sweeps and dusts and lays the table and waits on it too, and does everything that maids always do, and a great deal besides, for mamma never has to think any more, and George and I don't have to cry over our lessons.

"A wonderful maid, indeed," said uncle Herbert, in an incredulous tone; I fancy Miss Odell wouldn't be scared if she knew who her beautiful rival was. But how came she to be here?"

"Why, mamma hired her, as she does all her maids, and unless she gets married, we shall always have her, for I know she'll never do anything bad."

"A paragon, truly—this Ellen; pray explain, mamma;" and Mr. Lincoln turned to his sister.

"I cannot," said she. "I can only corroborate what Nell has told you. Ellen is a maid who has lived with me a fortnight only, and yet in that time has won my heart completely In person—but as you stop to tea, you will see her, and you can judge for yourself if she does not rival, and fairly too, with the brilliant belle of the winter. In manners, she is a perfect lady; she has too, exquisite taste and a tact in the management of household affairs that I never saw equaled—"

"Tell him how sweetly she sings," interrupted the little daughter. "She sings me to sleep every night, and I always feel, when I shut my eyes, as if I was going right up to heaven."

"Brave, Nell! A very angel of a housemaid she must be. I long to see her;" and he laughed in that peculiar tone which seemed to say, "you're telling me a humbug story."

"You'll laugh on the other side of your mouth said Nell, earnestly, "won't he mamma, when he comes to see her?"

"I shouldn't wonder," answered her mother, gaily; "indeed if he had not as good as owned that he had lost his heart to Miss Odell, I should not like to give so young and enthusiastic a man, a glimpse at my pretty maid. But listen, I think I hear her gentle tread."

The door of the sitting room was opened, and there glided into the room, with a step as light as a fairy's, a young, slender, but exquisitely graceful female. The single glance which Herbert directed towards her, as she entered, filled his soul with a wondrous vision, for beauty sat enthroned on every feature of the blushing face. The fair, oval forehead, the soft dark eye, with its long, drooping lashes, the delicately chiselled nose, the rose-tinted cheeks the full, scarlet lips, each items of loveliness, were blended in so perfect and complete a union that one felt, as he gazed upon the countenance as does the florist when he plucks a half-blown moss rose—Heaven might have made it more beautious still, but this suffices.

There was a little embarrassment visible in her attitude, as she found herself unexpectedly in the presence of company, but only for an instant did she yield to it. Recovering herself hastily, she said to Mrs. Summers:

"Did you decide, ma'am, to have tea an hour earlier than usual?"

It was a simple question but the accents thrilled the young man's heart, and he thought to himself, if there is so much music in her voice when she speaks only as a servant to her mistress, how heavenly it might be in a lovers ear; and from that time he did not wonder at little Nell's remarks about her songs of lullaby.

"We did, Ellen, and you may lay the cloth at once. Brother will stop with us."

Intuitively delicate, Herbert seemed all he while busy with his little niece, and did not once look towards the beautiful domestic during the moments that elapsed ere the tea was ready. yet he stole many a furitive glance at her through the golden curls of his little playmate, and when she glided from the room, he felt as though the sunshine was driven from his path.

"Isn't she more beautiful than Miss Odell, say, uncle?" whispered Nell, as the door closed on her. "Didn't I tell the truth when I said I knew somebody that was handsomer than she?"

"Indeed you did," said Mr. Lindoln, earnestly. She is nearly perfect."

"I wish you could see her with her hair curled once. Once or twice when we were up stairs alone, she has let me take out her comb, and such long silky ringlets as I made by just twisting it over my fingers—oh, I don't believe you ever saw any so beautiful in all your life! I teased her to wear it so all the time, but she shook her head and combed them up into braids again, and said curls and housemaids didn't look well together; and when I asked why not, she said I'd know when I grew older, and then two or three great tears stood in her eyes, and I do believe uncle, she cries some nights all the time for her eyes look so red some mornings. Ain't it too bad that such a handsome girl should have to be a maid?"

"Yes, pon my soul it is," said the young man warmly. "Do tell me, sister, her story.—There must be some romance in it. She has not been a menial all her life,"

"What I know I can tell in a few words, Herbert. When Bessie, my last maid, gave notice of leaving, she said she could recommend a substitute, and I, not being very well, thought I would sooner trust her than run the risk of going day after day to the intelligence office. She said a young girl, who, with a widowed mother lived on the same floor with some of her friends, had applied to her for aid in obtaining a situation as maid, and she thought, that what she had seen and knew of her, she would suit me exactly. I was somewhat startled when I saw her, for though Bessie had told me how beautiful and ladylike she was, I was not prepared for the vision that met me, and, to tell the truth, in a most unbusiness and unhousekeeperly way, I engaged her at once, without enquiring as to her abilities and her recommendation She won my heart at sight and has won my head since, for she is not only thorough in the performance of her duties, but executes them with a taste and judgment I had never seen excelled by any matron. If the day is cloudy, when you enter the parlor you will find that she has so disposed the window hangings, that the most will be made of the sunlight; and if it is sunny, she will so arrange them that a gentle twilight seems to shadow you. She is, indeed a perfect artist in the arrangement of everything, studying and combining effect and comfort. I feel with you that her lot has not always been so lowly, but there is a certain respect that she inspires in one, that forbids close questioning. I incline to the opinion that she and her mother have been sorely pinched for means, and that finding needlework an inadequate compensation, she has chosen to work out as by that means, while she earns more a week, she saves her board from out their scanty income, and has time to rest. But here is papa and herself with the tea."

As soon as they were fully seated, and the cups had been passed, Mrs. Summers turned gently to the maid, as she waited beside her chair and said, in a low tone, "we shall need nothing more at present." Quietly, but with visible pleasure, she withdrew; and as the door closed on her, Herbert exclaimep:

"Thank you, sister, for sending her away.—I could not have borne to see so ladylike a creature wait upon me. It seemed clownish in me to sit for a moment while she was standing.—In good sooth, if I had so fair a maid, I should be democratic enough to ask her to eat with me."

"And thus wound her self-respect. No. brother, she has chosen her menial lot for some good reason, and I can see, would prefer to be so regarded. All I can do, till I can further win her confidence, is to make her duties as little galling as possible. But come, sip some of her delicious tea. It will give you inspiration to compliment Miss Odell to-night."

"Miss Odell! go to—France!" said the young man hastily. "A painted doll—good for balls and parties, but no fitter for life in its realities than Nell's waxen baby!"

"He's beginning to laugh on the other side of his mouth, isn't he, mamma?" exclaimed the little girl. "I knew he'd love Ellen best."

Herbert blushed, and Mrs. Summers adroitly changed the conversation. The housemaid was not alluded to again till an hour after tea had passed, when George, the eldest of the family, a bright, but somewhat capracious boy of twelve rushed into the sitting room exclaiming eagerly:

"Mayn't Ellen stay in to-night, mamma, and go out to-morrow evening?"

"Certainly, if she chooses, my son."

"But she don't choose, and that's the trouble. I want her to stay, and she says she can't because her mother will be so anxious about her."

"But why do you wish her to stay George? You certainly have no command of her time.—Pray, what do you want she should do?"

"Why, I want her to show me how to do those horrible hard sums in the back part of the arithmetic, and I want her to tell me how to conjugate that awful irregular French verb, *aller*—I wish it would *aller* into France where it belongs—and I want her to hear my Latin, and—"

"Turn into a *school-ma'am*, after toiling as maid all day. No, George, no—I have been very grateful to Ellen for the assitance she has shown you in your studies, but I cannot allow her leisure hours to be so sorely invaded,' interrupted his mother, while her brother held up both hands in much amazement; for, to tell the truth, since he had seen the maid, he was prepared to believe everything wonderful of her, and would not have been surprised to hear that she knew as many tongues as Burritt himself.

"Verily," said he gaily, "this passes all—a housemaid, and hear your Latin lessons?—What else does she know?"

"Everything," said George. earnestly. "She can talk French better than monsieur, and *la belle* Italian tongue—oh, how sweet it is to hear her read and sing it! I tell you, Uncle Herbert, she knows the most of any woman I ever saw, and if you was a knight of olden times, you'd do battle for her beauty, and rescue her from the slavery of that old despot, poverty!" and the boy's eyes flashed, and he drew himself proudly up, as though he would have grown a man that moment and shown his prowess.

"Bravo, George!" exclaimed his uncle.—'She needs no more valiant knight than her youthful page promises to be. Should your right arm ever be wounded in the defence of your queen of beauty, advise me of it, and I'll rush to the rescue." The words were lightly spoken, but there was a meaning deeper and more divine involved in them than the speaker would have then cared to own, even to himself.

The boy went to his lonely lessons, the front door closed on Ellen, little Nell was snug in the snowy couch whither the maid had borne her with kisses and music tones, and then Mr. and Mrs. Summers and the brother went forth to the brilliant ballroom. But with all its light, splendor and gaiety, it had no fascinations for Uncle Herbert. His thoughts were with that beautiful girl, who had come so like an angel to the household of his sister, and when at an early hour he withdrew, and gaining his couch, threw himself upon it, it was only to dream of tournaments and visored knights and queens of beauty, and the loviest of them all, and the one that crowned his brow with the unfading laurel, wore the same peerless face as did Ellen the housemaid.

* * * * * * *

Mrs. Summers had tightly conjectured the reason one so gifted had become a menial though not for many weeks did she learn the whole story. It was briefly this: The father of Ellen, Mr. Seymour, had been a prosperous merchant in a neighboring city.—Wedded to a lovely woman, wealth flowing in upon him with a heavy current, a beautiful child to sport on his hearthstone, life for some years glided by like an airy dream. All the riches of his own and young wife's heart were lavished upon Ellen, and as she grew up lovlier in person than even her infancy had promised, so she grew beautiful in mind and soul the idol of the family altar.

She was in he eighteenth year when the first blow struck them—the long and fearful illness of the husband and father. A mere wreck of himself, pysically and mentally, he was at length pronounced convalescent, though perfect health, the physician said, could be bartered for a sunnier clime.

They sailed at once for Italy. A year had been passed in that beautiful land, a delicious and exhilirating one to them all, for the step of the invalid had grown steadier each moment, his eye wore its wonted brightness, his cheeks their glow, and the pride of mind sat again enthroned upon the noble brow, when, like a thunderbolt from a cloudless heaven, there fell the second blow. The mercantile house, in which he was head partner, had failed—ay, and failed in such a way that, though innocent as a babe, his name was covered with infamy. It was too much for the spirit not yet strong. Poverty it could have borne, but disgrace shivered it entirely. He lay for some months in hopeless lunacy, never raving, but only sighing and moaning, growing each day paler and weaker. But he passed not so away. When the last hour of life drew near, his darkened soul was light again, and he tenderly counselled the two dear ones who had hung over him so faithfully, and bade them to be of good cheer, for though wealth was gone, the unspotted honor of the husband and father should be yet shown to the world. Then commending them to the All Father, with a hand clasped by each, their sweet voices blended in holy hymns, he passed away. A grave was hollowed out for him on classing ground, and the snowy marble wreathed with affection's chaplets a few times, and then sadly the mourners turned away, a proud ship bearing them to their native land.

Where were the crowds that had flocked about them as they left its shores? Alas! the widow and her child found none of them.—Alone, and unaided, they were left to stem the torrent of adversity. Theirs was a trite story. One and another thing they tried to do, but the obloquy that rested on the dead man's grave followed his living darlings, till poverty, in most cruel sense, pressed heavily upon them.

"Let us go where we are unknown," said Ellen, passionately, yet mournfully, one evening, as, after a futile search for employment, she returned to their humble lodgings, and buried her weeping face in her mother's bosom.

"They'll kill me with their cold, proud looks, I'd rather beg my bread of strangers than ask honest employment of these scornful ones, who trample so fiendishly upon our sacred griefs."

And they gathered up the remnants of their treasures, and silently, secretly, lest the shame should fly before them, went to a lonely home in the city, where we find them. There they readily procured needlework, and all they could do for their fingers beautiful every garment that passed through their hands. But the song of the shirt was soon the only one they could sing. Night brought no rest to the weary day, and though twenty, instead of the "twelve hours" of the Bible were spent in toil, the were famished and frozen.

"Mother," said Ellen, one evening, as the hour of midnight found them still at work, "this is too much for woman. I shall sew no longer."

"But what will you do darling?" and Mrs. Seymore wept over her pale, thin face; 'shall we starve?"

"Mother," there was resolution in the tone now, "mother, I shall hire out as housemaid; don't attempt to dissuade me, my mind is determined. It is as honorable as this—I shall earn as much, if not more than now; I shall save my board; I shall have my nights for rest." She pleaded till at last she won a tearful consent, and entered the service of Mrs. Summers.

* * * * * * *

His sister's house had always been a second home to Herbert Lincoln, but now it seemed dearer than ever. Their teatable, in particular, seemed to have a fascination for him, and at the end of a fortnight, he had sipped so many cups of Ellen's fragrant tea, that Mrs. Summers declared she should certainly present him a bill of board. And though in all that time he had not exchanged a dozen of sentences with the beautiful maid, it was but too evident she was the magnet which attracted him.

Business now took him out of town, and three weeks elapsed ere he returned. As he was hastening from the depot, turning a corner, he espied, coming as it were to meet him, the fair girl of whom he had dreamed every night of his absence, and beside her, little golden-haired Nell.

"Uncle Herbert," cried the child, and embraced him passionately. "Oh, I'm so glad you've come home. We missed you so much." Then freeing himself from her arms, she said, gracefully, "and here is dear Ellen, too, ain't you glad to see her?"

Ellen blushed, but the young man so courteously extended his hand to her that she could not refuse it.

"I am so happy to see you Miss Seymour enjoying this beautiful day," said he in low gentle tones as respectfully as it addressing a queen.

"And I am happy to see Mr. Lincoln looking so well," responded the lady, with a quiet dignity, and she passed along.

"But where are you going little niece?" said Herbert to Nell, detaining her a moment.

"Oh, to see Grandmama Seymour, she is a sweet lady, too. Ellen took me there once, and it made me so happy that mother lets me go now whenever she does," and she tripped away.

Herbert walked rapidly to the first corner, then turned and deliberately retraced his steps and followed the two, till he learned the street and number of Ellen's home.

That night as he carefully examined his bureaus, it occurred to him that his supply of linen was quite too deficient, and forthwith he purchased a goodly sized parcel of the raw material, and at an early hour the next day was knocking at the door of the dilapidated house which he had seen Ellen enter. Through vaultlike halls, and up rickety stair-cases he wended his way, till he found Mrs. Seymour's room. The and saintly face of the widowed mother fascinated him as completely as had the daughter's, and with a reverential tone he opened his errand. While she expected the the linen, and made inquiry as to the particular way he would have it made up, his eye glanced eagerly over the room. The exquisite taste of the housemaid was visible everywhere. Geraniums and roses smiled in the winter sun-beams that crept so lovingly into the narrow casement; the white muslin that draped them hung in folds graceful as snow, wreaths; pencilings as rich as mezzotints hung upon the wall; the rockers were cushioned with rose colored muslin; bits of cloth gorgeous in hue as autumn leaves, woven into mats, relieved the bare floor of its scanty look; a guitar leaned under the tiny mirror, and a few costly books were scattered in an artist-like way hither and thither, wherever the rambling eye would wish to see pinned some beautiful thing.

"This is Tuesday," said Herbert; can I have one by Friday?"

"Oh, yes, sir, and sooner, if you desire it."

"Not sooner, unless you steal hours from the night, and your weary looks seem even now to say that you have done so."

"It is the lot of the seamstress," said the lady calmly but sadly.

The young man could not trust his voice to reply, and hastened away. In his office he gave way to his feelings: "She, the beloved and the beautiful, toiling in menial service, and that angel-like mother sewing for her living. It shall be so no longer. Thank God for riches," and he seized his pen and inscribed these words on a slip of paper, "an honest debt due your husband," he enclosed bank notes for five hundred dollars, and addressing the envelope to Mrs. Seymour, of —— street, dropped it into the post office.

Could he have seen the grateful tears that stole down the widow's cheeks, and heard her soul-touching prayers, as she received it that evening, he would have realized the full force of the text, "It is more blessed to give than to receive."

"Oh, that it were Ellen's evening at home," said she; "thank Heaven, I may have her all to myself, again. With this sum in hand, we can be comfortable, without tasking ourselves as severely as heretofore. My beautiful child shall be no longer a menial."

Impatiently she awaited Friday evening, for then Ellen would surely be with her again.—But that eve came and went, and she was left alone. A sudden and severe illness had attacked Mrs. Summers, and when Herbert entered her house on the evening of the same day he had sent the generous gift, he found it full of sorrow. The physicians only shook their heads sadly, when asked if there was any hope, and when the loving ones gazed on the white face of the sick one and marked the intensity of her agony, they turned away with fainting hearts. Now, the full beauty of the housemaid's character was developed. Instinctively, they gave up all to her. She directed the attendants, she soothed little Nell, curbed the wild grief of George and spoke so sweetly to the mourning husband and brother, that the spirit of faith seemed in their midst. To the sick woman she was in very truth a ministering angel.

No hand so softly wiped her brow, so tenderly bathed the aching limbs, so gently rubbed the cramped fingers, so deftly smoothed the pillows, so strangely sweetened the healing draught, brought such cool drinks to the hot lips, and such delicious food to the starved palate. Her presence seemed to beautify the sick room. Under her loving ministrations it assumed a beauty that was almost divine. None knew whether it might be the gate to Paradise or to a brighter life on earth, but all felt that whether the path of the pale one was heavenward or here, it was flower-crowned.

Day after day, and night after night, found the fair nurse beside her patient Paleness gathered on her cheeks and lips, but the same sweet smile played there; lassitude quivered on her lids, but the same hopeful look beamed from the eye; the limbs trembled with weariness, yet obeyed the faintest whisper from the couch. The physician looked in wonder that one so delicate held out so long under such heavy tasks, and whispered one to another, "under God" she is the healer."

And when the crisis came, when Mrs. Summers lay there so deathly that only by pressing a mirror to her lips the fluttering life could be seen at all, when husband, brother, children and friends had stolen softly away, unable longer to restrain their cries, that young girl tarried still, motionless, almost breathless, silent her prayers going upward.

Oh, how dear she was to them all when again she appeared in their midst, and said in her own low, sweet music-tones. "You may hope."

"Bless you, bless you faithful one!" exclaimed Mr. Summers, as he wound his arms around her. "Henceforth, you are one of the treasures of our household, the sister of my adoption.—Come hither, Nellie and George, and thank her. Under Heaven, you owe to her your mother's life." Little wet faces were pressed to hers, and passionate kisses brought fresh roses into her cheeks. Then a manly hand, oh, how its pressure thrilled her nerves, grasped hers, and a full, rich voice murmered, "our angel sent by God."

On a bright and glorious morning, in the month of roses, a splendid equipage drove from the city mansion of Mr. Summers. It held a family party, the wife and mother still pale, her convalescence sadly retarded by the fearful illness that had smitten her two idols; George and Nellie, puny, though out of all danger; the lovely Ellen, no longer maid, but cherished angel of hope and love, thin and white, too, with her winter and spring's nursing; Mr. Summers, his fine face all aglow with chastened joy and Herbert Lincoln, looking as though a lifetime of happiness was crowded into a moment.

It was the first long drive the physicians had permitted the invalids, and they knew not where they were going, at least none but Herbert.

Ellen had declined going at first. "I have seen my mother so little of late," said she gently, "I think I must spend the holiday with her."

But they said no, and promised, if she would go with them, then, they would leave her with her mother on their return, and she should stay without limit of time. How lovely she looked, as consenting at length, she came to the carriage in her summer array. Herbert thought he had never gazed on so exquisite a maiden in all his life, and longed with a frenzy he had never felt before, to fold her to his heart; the shrine which had been sacred to her from the first moment of meeting.

"What a lovely home!" exclaimed Ellen, as leaving the main road, they branched off into a splendid avenue, lined with graceful elms, and came in sight of a small but elegant mansion, draped with rose-vines, and embowered in rare shrubbery. "I trust it holds happy hearts."

"Yes said Lincoln, warmly, "that it does, and we will to-day share their joy, for it is here we are to stop." Joyful exclamations burst from them all. It seemed like a beaming of light in fairy land, that beautiful place, to those senses so long pent up in the chambers of sickness.

They were ushered into a parlor that seemed the abode of the Graces, so charmingly were beauty and utility blended. A moment they waited ere the rustling of satin announced the approach of the lady, to whom they were making so unceremonious a call.

She entered and in a second Nellie Summers was clasping her round the neck. "Grandmamma Seymour, the fairies did come to you, as you told me last week perhaps they would sometime. Oh, I am so glad."

Mr. and Mrs. Summers stepped forward and grasped her hand; but Herbert and George, where were they? A scream from Nellie announced them. Pale and passionless Ellen lay in their arms. She had not seen her mother, but her eyes had caught sight of a small Greek harp in a pillared niche, her own father's gift and sold by her when they left that proud city of scorn. Memories so many and sad had unstrung her nerves. Joy seldom kills, though. When awakening from her swoon, she met the tearful eyes of her mother. she felt assured there was some blest mystery to be told. It was all soon explained. Herbert and Mrs. Seymour had become fast friends in the past winter—he had cheered the lonely hours of Ellen's absence—he had learned her story and assured himself that foul wrong had been done her husband. Employing the best counsel in her native city, he bent all his own energies and talents to the cause, and sifted the matter to its very root, and triumphed, too. The fair name came back fairer than ever, and the wealth with it, too; the wretches who had blackened the one and stolen the other, cowardly fleeing, instead of making manly confession.

"I have to thank Mr. Lincoln for it all," exclaimed Mrs. Seymour, at the close of her recital, "and I have to pay him yet," and she glanced archly at him. "Bills should be settled, mongst afriends."

Herbert hesitated a moment. Then he knelt beside her. "I have no mother," he said sadly.

"Be as one to me, and I am repaid a thousand times.'

She threw back the raven locks that clustered on his noble brow, and imprinted there a calm, sweet kiss. "My son," said she solemnly, "I adopted you into my love; Ellen, receive a brother." But Ellen was gone. They caught, however, a glimpse of white muslin in the green shrubbery, and she was followed, not by both, though; Mrs. Seymour had, indeed, risen, but a sudden thrilling pulse in her warm heart checked her, and she resumed her seat.

Herbert hastened out and found her under the shadow of an old elm, on a bed of moss, with her lap full of rosebuds. Seating himself beside her, he whispered to her willing ear, long and passionately, his adoration, and with a radiant look of joy, led her back to the house and to her mother's knee.

"As a brother, Ellen will not own me," said he, "but when I asked her if some day, not very far away, she would call me by a dearer name, she was more willing. Our hearts have long been one—bless, mother dear, oh, bless the union of our lives!"

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROMANTIC ELOPEMENT ON AN OX-SLED.

The Detroit *Press* relates the following, for the truth of which it vouches, but we don't:

An ox team attached to a lumber sled and bearing astride its cross beams a coarse grained young man and a buxom girl of eighteen, dragged its slow length along Larned street yesterday and halted in front of Justice Hard's office. The couple dismounted and entered the office where they made known their wishes, and requested to be married immediately. The expectant bridegroom said he had come to town with a load of produce for his employer, who owned the team, and as Susan wanted to buy a kaliker dress, he had brought her along on the top of the bags. On the way they had talked the matter over, and in view of the fact that they sorter liked each other, and had done considerable courtin' on the sly, concluded to get married. They declared themselves of age, and took the bonds for better or for worser.—The bridegroom was very much elated, and kissed the bride an unreasonable number of times. Then he requested the Court to kiss her, and even went so far as to intimate that all respectable persons among the spectators might enjoy the same privilege.

He was especially elate on the newspaper question. "Put'er in," he said, in a reckless manner. "Put'er in the paper, and make Susan's name all capitals. I'll pay for big letters. What's the use in being married to a pretty gal unless you can get it in the papers?"

In the midst of this jubilation the thought of the old man struck him, and he sobered down as though a shower-bath had fallen on his head. "Come, Susan," he said, taking her hand, "let's go home and see it out. Lord! won't he be mad?" And he drew a sigh and switched up the cattle whose slow gait seemed too fast for his palpitating hopes and fears.

☞To hear Gough tell the "drugger" story is worth a quarter any time. The story is a capital one, but it takes the man to tell it. This he does in some such words as these:

A long, lean, gaunt Yankee entered a drug-store and asked:

"Be you the drugger?"

"Well I 'spose so; I sell drugs."

"Wall, hev you got enny of this here scentin' stuff as the gals put on their hankerchers?"

"Oh, yes."

"Waal, our Sal's goin to be married, and she gin me ninepence, and told me to invest the hull 'mount in scentin' stuff, so's to make her sweet, if I could fine some to suit; so, it you've a mind, I'll just smell round."

The Yankee smelled round without being suited until the "drugger" got tired of him; and taking down a bottle of hartshorn said:

"I've got a scentin' stuff that will suit you. A single drop will stay for weeks, and you can't wash it out; but to get the strength of it you must take a good big smell."

"Is that so mister? Waal, just hold on a minute till I get my breath; and when I say neow, put it under my smeller."

The hartshorn, of course knocked the Yankee down, as liquor has done many a man. Do you suppose he got up and smelt again, as the drunkard does. Not he; but rolling up his sleeves and doubling up his fists, he said:

"You made me smell that tarnal everlastin' ance now I'll make you smell fire and brimstone."

☞The following good joke occurred not long since in one of the churches in the western part of Onondago county:

"An aged clergyman, speaking of the solemnity attached to the ministerial office, said that during the whole term of forty or fifty years that he had officiated therein his gravity had never been but once disturbed in the pulpit.—On that occasion he noticed a man directly in front of him, leaning over the railing of the gallery with something in his hand, which he soon discovered to be a huge chew of tobacco just taken from his mouth. Directly below sat a man fast asleep with his head back and his mouth wide open. The man in the gallery was intensely engaged in raising and lowering his hand, taking an exact observation, till at last having got it right, he left the quid drop, and it went plump into the mouth of the sleeper below! The whole scene was so indescribably ludicrous, that for the first and last time in the pulpit, an involuntary smile forced itself upon the countenance of the preacher.

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

—BEDFORD, Pa.—

FRIDAY : : : : : : : MAR. 29, 1861.

B. F. Meyers, Editor & Proprietor.

Wages under the new Tariff.

We find in the city papers of Saturday last, the following despatch :

"PHŒNIXVILLE, Chester co., Pa., March 22d.—The Phœnix Iron Company, doing business at this place, and one of the largest iron manufactories in the United States, have just given notice to their employees, numbering from 1, 200 to 1,500 men, that their wages would be reduced from ten to twenty five per cent on the 1st day of April, *the same day the Morrill Tariff goes into effect.*"

There is comfort for the laboring classes, truly ! This is the reward Democratic employees receive for doing the bidding of their masters in voting for Lincoln ! The cloven foot is visible at last. Germans, Irishmen, Scotchmen, ye who delve and dig, and toil and moil, to build up the nabobs who virtually own your labor,can you be blind to the trickery so knavishly practiced upon you ? You were told that if you would vote for Lincoln a better tariff would be adopted, the Morrill Tariff Bill would become a law, and that in that event your wages would be increased. You took the Lincoln jugglers at their word and how shamefully you have been deceived ! They have kept the word of promise to the lip, but have broken it to the hope. Instead of your wages being raised, they are to be reduced ! Instead of enabling you more efficiently to support your families, the bread is to be taken out of your children's mouths, and coined into dimes and dollars for the purses of your aristocratic employers. Oh ! how bitter are the fruits of the tree you have assisted in planting ! Beautiful and exceedingly fair to the eye did it seem to you, but ashes and dust compose the kernel. Shall not this fraud be a warning to you in all time to come ? When the wily and oily-tongued orators of the "Republican" party, spread their net of sophistry for you again, will you not call to mind their specious promises unfulfilled, and profiting by the remembrance, turn a deaf ear to their cunning words, and stand firm and unwavering in your adhesion to the great political architect of your country, the unconquerable and time-honored Democracy ?

The Germans' Reward.

There is nothing more certain than that the desertion of the German element from the Democratic party, assisted in a great measure in bringing about the election of Abraham Lincoln. In fact the "Republican" party could not have been successful without it. Carl Schurz, of Wisconsin, it will be remembered, traversed this State as well as nearly every other Northern State, making speeches for Lincoln, and proselyting the Germans to the "Republican" faith. Well, Mynheer Schurz and other German "Republicans" are getting their reward. They ask for office and the Know Nothing feeling in the "Republican" ranks is aroused, and Schurz & Co., are marched out "in the cold." It was well enough to have their assistance prior to the election,but "Abe" can get along without them now. What think the Germans of Liberty township, who came well nigh "Republicanizing" that district, last fall, of the favors bestowed upon their friends by honest Old Abe.

Peaceful Disunion.

It looks to us very much, just now, as though Lincoln and his Cabinet had fallen back upon the old Abolition scheme of Garrison, Phillips & Co., to bring about a peaceful severance of the slave States from the Free. There is a telegraphic rumor that Governor Chase agreed to the proposed evacuation of Fort Sumter, on the ground that in the course of time the Union would inevitably be divided into two separate republics. Taking this in connexion with the well-known theories of Messrs. Lincoln and Seward, that there is an "irrepressible conflict" between opposing and enduring forces in the North and South, it seems to us to be quite probable that the present Administration is now laying the foundations for a separate Northern Republic, to be composed of the non-slaveholding states and such of the Border Slave States, if any, as may be induced to join them. There can be no doubt that such a line of policy would be agreeable to the great mass of the "Republicans" in New England and New York.

A Contemptible Outrage.

The Black Republican Legislature of this State, have passed, and the Black Republican Governor has signed, a bill continuing the present city officers of the city of Philadelphia in power until the October election. Their term of office would have expired in May next, and as it was feared that the Democracy might rout the "Republicans" at the coming Spring election, it was thought expedient by the political hucksters of that city, to have the election abolished. Thus the Legislature of Pennsylvania elects officers for the people of Philadelphia for the term of five months from May next ! Of course, our legislative Solons could not see anything wrong in this, as the present city officials are all "Republicans."—The people had better look to their rights, or their *servants* at Harrisburg may soon assume to be their *masters*.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL, PITTSBURGH.—During a recent visit to Pittsburgh, we had the good fortune to be a guest of "mine host" of the St. Charles. We found everything at this splendid hotel, exactly as it should be, the rooms comfortable and commodious, the waiters and servants attentive, and the meals always excellent. The St. Charles is now under the proprietorship of Mr. Harry Shirls, assisted by Mr. Ed. Seither, as Superintendent, and Mr. W. Tyler, as Chief Clerk.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

LOCALS IN THEIR TRUE LIGHT.

From the village of Pattonsville, the savans issued a production, which was published in the *Inquirer* of March 8th, over the assumed name of TYRO, in which some of our locals were presented in a strange light. The authors seemed to have been impatient with the tardiness of the former scribblers, and they set out with the inquiry, as to the where-abouts of "Satter," and being unable to determine that, they resolve to turn scribblers themselves.

For the benefit of those querists, we would say here, that "Satter" is neither "dead," nor has he "absconded," but like the authors of the article alluded to, he is known in our community as a live specimen of the fawning sycophants,and chagrined Republicans, who breathe in the dulcet warbles of a mule, their ultraism, in such ejaculations as "Buchanan will yet stretch hemp !" "Fire-eaters of the South !" "I wish Jimmy Buchanan would get the lock-jaw !" "He should be tarred and feathered !" &c., &c.

In said article the Pattonsville Lyceum is represented as being in a very flourishing condition, a regular Teachers' Institute is said to be in existence in South Woodberry, and several minor Institutes, called "Shanghai Institutes" are mentioned. It is true, that the Lyceum of our township is "dragging its slow length along;" but if those authors can direct us to a "regular Teachers' Institute" in South Woodberry township, we will frankly admit that we have charged them with unmerited sciolism.

We think that some of our teachers were determined not to have an Institute, for they seem to enjoy themselves better in revelry. At a recent auction in Pattonsville, it is said that one teacher was seen with a flask in his pocket, the cork of which was too extensive to be concealed by that shallow enclosure, while another evinced evidence that steam had risen above the level of the pocket. Both of said teachers were surrounded by some of their pupils at that time.

Whilst the good people of Pattonsville are willing that Mr. Eshleman shall have all the applause, which his "oratorical eloquence" has merited for him, they have a right to claim from him, that modesty which would have avoided such a "puff" in an article, in the contribution of which, the modern "Horace" himself, and his man, "Friday," figured so conspicuously.

That Mr. Eshleman is a "great champion of literature," is only doubted, by what may be inferred from the following question : "How can *literary affairs*, in a township no greater in extent than Middle Woodberry, *become so dull that not even a decent funeral can be got up any more, with a great champion of literature in its midst.*" Perhaps the election of Lincoln has had something to with the literary, as well as the financial affairs of our country.

The only literary institutions in South Woodberry, at this time, that are doing any practical good, are the "Juvenile Institutes," or night schools, so disparagingly mentioned in the *Inquirer*, by the name of "Shanghai Institutes."

The grammar of that famous production is very little more commendable than the sentiments contained in it. In such an expression as "will show you fight," it would be well to have a subject, just for the verb's sake ; and in the advice to the citizens of Middle Woodberry, "those secessionists" are spoken of, then follows, "we will drink bumpers with you," a pronoun of the second person being used, the antecedent of which is in the third person.

Next occurs a specimen of the authors' punctuation : "and on next 4th of July we will drink bumpers with you as a token of our friendly alliance and sing songs written with a quill" &c. What is meant by such an expression as, "a token of our friendly alliance, and," (a token of our friendly,) "sing songs," or, "drink bumpers," and, (drink) "sing songs," we can no more tell, than we can conjecture the meaning of Lincoln's inaugural address.

What mystical lore !

> "O dulcet cats ! could one more pair like you,
> The concert join and pour the strain anew,
> Not man could bear, nor demon's ear sustain
> The fiendish caterwaul of rage and pain."

No portion of the article seemed so congenial to the writers' element, as that which related to the secession movement in Middle Woodberry ; and, (judging from their language) they hurled their taunts at the Woodberryites with smiles as ghastly as those which come from the grim face of Greeley, who prefers the preservation of the Chicago platform to fifty Unions.

This famous Pattonsville article was finished, "signed. sealed and delivered," Friday forwarded it, (perhaps free of postage,) to republican head-quarters, and Horace returned to the town of Woodberry, whence he came. In a few days this interesting LOCAL appeared in the *Inquirer*, when, oh horrible ! the citizens of Middle Woodberry have been assailed ; and then

> "With smooth dissimulation, skilled to grace
> A devil's purpose, with an angel's face,"

"Horace" must hasten to the fresene : and the fledglings of Pattonsville must beinformed, by the next issue of the *Inquirer*, that such conduct toward the good people of Middle Woodberry, can not—DARE NOT—be practiced with impunity.

In conclusion, we would suggest to those writers, that they need give themselves very little uneasiness, concerning the secession movement in Middle Woodberry, while such Democrats as Dr. Smith, A. L. Beckhœffer, Wm. M. Pearson, Henry Fluck, Esq., and many others that we might name, are there to take care of the interest of that portion of Bedford County.

SOUTH WOODBERRY.

March 16, 1861.

The Emperor of the French has contributed ten thousand francs towards a purse which the Academy of Sciences proposes offering for the best essay on the question of the "Reproduction of bone when broken or crushed by accident."

ALL FOUR.—Martin Van Buren is the only individual who has filled the four highest positions under the American Government. He has been United States Senator, Secretary of State, Vice-President and President.

The amount of specie brought to this country from Europe, from December 15 to March 16, was $1,320,455. During the same time, about $5,000,000 of gold was brought from California.

The people of Fredicksburg, Va., have voted to establish free schools.

Important from Washington.

THE ORDER ISSUED FOR THE EVACUATION OF FORT SUMTER.

WASHINGTON, MARCH 23d.—The President yesterday issued an order to Major Anderson to put his command in readiness to evacuate Fort Sumter upon the arrival at that place of a U. S. war steamer. Colonel Lamon, of Illinois, the confidential friend of the President, was sent bearer of despatches to Major Anderson. The evacuation will take place upon the arrival of the steamer which has been despatched by the Secretary of the Navy.

There is no intimation whatever, on the part of the South Carolina authorities, that any attempt will be made to prevent the evacuation in such a manner as the United States Government have seen fit to employ. Major Anderson will salute his flag and embark with his command. Major Anderson is ordered to report North.

IMPORTANT NEWS FROM CHARLESTON.—Capt. Ferguson, of the steamer Planter, who returned this morning from Fort Sumter, reports no preparations for evacuation. Major Anderson was rather increasing the defences by pouring molten lead in the crevices of the sally ports, strengthening the weak stone work, &c. Capt. F. carried the furniture of Capt. Foster from Sullivan's Island to Fort Sumter—indicating no present prospect of breaking up housekeeping.

The policy about Major Anderson being allowed to leave with the honors of war, is under consideration.

The Columbia sailed to-day without taking his men.

The works on Morris Island have advanced with such rapidity that no fleet with reinforcements can pass the batteries. There is the utmost vigilance night and day, and all suspicious vessels are obliged to come to.

The evacuation of Fort Sumter was confidently anticipated, and reported to have occurred.

It is reported that the twenty million government loan has been subscribed from one of the Southern cities alone. People of large and small means are subscribing here.

Major Anderson declines receiving verbal orders to evacuate Fort Sumter.

The Charleston *Courier* of the 21st inst., received here, says the assertion that the term of service of twenty six of Major Anderson's men had nearly expired, is a mistake.

Major Anderson was daily in expectation of receiving orders to evacuate Fort Sumter.

The supply of provisions and fuel was nearly exhausted.

If he is not speedily relieved he will be compelled to burn some gun carriages. He stated that the fort would be given up to the South Carolina authorities after an examination by the authorized officer and receipt for the property.

Col. Lay had a long interview with Gov. Pickens and Gen. Beauregard.

ARE THE ENGLISH COAL MINES EXHAUSTED ? During the recent debates in the British Parliament on the commercial treaty with France, a question was raised about the coal supplies of England. Some persons took a very gloomy view of the subject, and succeeded in frightening the weak nerved portion of the British public into a belief that at no very distant period they would have to seek some substitute for coal. Others, more sanguine, took the opposite view, and affirmed that there would be a bountiful supply of the precious mineral for at least five thousand years to come.

This discussion was not without its results, as Mr. Hull, a competent authority, has investigated the facts and published for the general enlightment a work on "The Coal Fields of Great Britain." Mr. Hull's conclusions are of an encouraging nature. He does not aver that the coal mines are quite inexhaustible, but he allays immediate apprehensions by showing "that for many generations to come the mineral resources of England are capable of bearing any drain to which they can possibly be subjected, either for home or foreign consumption." Meanwhile John Bull can keep himself warm and meet the difficulty half way. Before two hundred years have passed over his head he will probably have solved many new problems, among others that of deep mining. The miners cannot now work as low in the earth as the coal lies, on account of the temperature, which increases progressively from the surface downwards. The limit to deep mining is conventionally fixed at four thousand feet, and some of the coal strata are ten thousand feet in thickness, and thus a measureless store of fuel lies beyond present reach. But the aid of science may help to accomplish what, at this date, looks impracticable, and it must not be forgotten that the commonest appliances of to-day were the impossibilities of the past.—Mr. Hull is entitled to the deep gratitude of the English public for his comforting assurance that their apprehensions are not only baseless, but that their coal fields are deeper and more lasting than they had imagined.

FIENDISH.—We learn from the Salem (Ind.) *Times* that an inhuman wretch in an adjoining county to Washington deliberately plotted the following, by which he put his wife to death. It seems that to accomplish his hellish work, it was necessary to employ his own son, a small boy, to assist him. He set his fence on fire, and instructed his little son to perpetrate the deed. After he had set the fence on fire, he sent the little boy to the house after his (the boy's) mother, to come and put the fire out, while he (the father) secreted himself in the woods near by, telling the boy before this, that while his mother was engaged in extinguishing the fire to approach her from behind and set her clothes on fire, which he did, and before she was aware, her clothes were in a blaze, burning them entirely off, and of course burning her to death. The *Times* does not state that the inhuman wretch has been arrested.

THE MINNESOTA COPPER MINE.—We take the following from the Lake Superior *Miner* : The result of operations at the Minnesota mine during the past year is encouraging in the highest degree. The work done is greater than that of any previous year, and the amount of copper produced is larger than that of any similar period of time. The Minnesota mine has paid to the stockholders twelve hundred and eighty thousand dollars in cash dividends, besides the dividends of shares which now represent the Rockland Superior, Flint Steel, and Lake Superior mines. The net earnings of the past year will probably enable them to divide at least $180,000 more, which will make their total cash dividends amount to $1,460,000.—Now, the total cost to the original stockholders was only $66,000. Truly, the success of this great mine will not suffer in comparison with any similar enterprise in any part of the world.

DISTRESSING CASE OF HYDROPHOBIA.—The Binghampton *Republican* says :—"We have just heard from one of our citizens who returned from Arrarat, Pa., about twelve miles south of Susquehanna Depot, of a singular and distressing case of hydrophobia. About two years ago, Miss Sarah Low, daughter of Lewis Low, a respectable farmer, started to visit a neighbor across the fields a short distance, and after going a little way, was furiously attacked by a large dog, (afterwards ascertained to be mad,) who tore nearly all the clothes off her ; but reaching a stone fence, Miss Low succeeded in getting over, and the dog, in attempting to follow, pulled down a large stone, which, falling on his foot, held him fast, and Miss L., escaped as she supposed at the time, without being bitten. A few months ago Miss Low was married to Mr. Albert Townsend, and on Sunday, the 3d inst., while herself and husband were riding in a carriage to her father's house Mrs. T. exhibited symptoms of hydrophobia. Mr. T., hurried on to their destination, and during the night Mrs. T. was attacked with spasms, which were so violent that it required several men to restrain her—she attempted during the spasms, to bite any one within her reach. She continued in the same way up to the time our informant left (Friday morning last) and it was supposed that she could not survive much longer. It is believed by her friends that when attacked by the mad dog two years ago, there must have been some abrasion of the skin not observed at the time, through which some virus from the mad dog penetrated the system.

THE "OIL FEVER."—The papers of Western Pennsylvania continue to bring accounts of "oil" discoveries and wonderful "strikes." In fact one half the population in the oil region seems to have gone wild on the subject, though there is not a few that have strong suspicions that land speculators have got up the excitement with the views of "greasing" their own pockets. One of our Pittsburg exchanges says :

"Large quantities of oil continue to reach our city daily. Six hundred and thirty-eight barrels were received yesterday, of which nearly four hundred barrels came up the Ohio. Since the discovery of coal oil in Pennsylvania, seventeen thousand barrels have been received in Pittsburg, and $213,500 worth of purified oil has been sold. Great activity prevails among manufacturers of machinery, and large sums have been expended in purchasing steam engines and other necessary apparatus for boring the earth in search of oleaginous wealth. The generally received theory that the recent discoveries of oil are indicative of the speedy destruction of the world, is done away with by the following evidence of the antiquity of the "oleaginous." We give it for the benefit of our more apprehensive readers :—"When I washed my steps with butter, and the rock poured me out rivers of oil."—Job XXIX, 5.

LIFE IN NEW YORK.—*Wholesale Amalgamation.*—Quite a sensation was created in the vile purlieus of Oak and Roosevelt streets, N. Y., just before daybreak on Tuesday morning, by the descent of a posse of police upon a notorious house of prostitution kept by a woman named Mary Fleming, with a view to the recovery of a young girl, seventeen years of age, named Mary McCade, from Troy, who had been inveigled into the den. The scenes which met the eyes of the police, on entertaining the brothel, will furnish the richest material for a "kiver." Amalgamation was in full blast in every room in the house, and the equality of the races was disgustingly manifest from cellar to garret. Several white females were found living with black males. The police took the mistress of the house, together with about a dozen specimens of her black and white boarders, into custody, and the whole party were brought up for examination, which developed facts in the "social system" of the Fourth ward which ought to induce the American Missionary Society for the Conversion of the Heathen to map out the whole district as a much more promising field than any that can be found in Polynesia or elsewhere.

IMPORTANT FROM TEXAS.—The State Legislature met on the 18th inst. The members of the House and Senate took the oath of allegiance to the new Government, a few of them under protest.

Governor Houston and the Secretary of State have retired from their offices and surrendered the archives.

Governor Houston has issued an appeal to the people denouncing the State Convention.

The Convention has passed a substitute for the Army bill, providing for the raising of only one mounted regiment.

The Texas State Convention, on the 16th inst, passed an ordinance declaring, on the refusal of Governor Houston to take the oath under the State Constitution, the office of Governor vacant, and appointing Lieut. Governor Clark Governor. The office of Secretary of State is also declared vacant.

An order of the Confederate Government has been issued for the purchase of the steamship Habana, to be immediately fitted out as a war steamer.

GRAIN AT THE WEST.—It is stated that among the immense quantities of grain now in store at the West, destined for shipment to Buffalo and Oswego, on the opening of navigation, there is at present stored in the great warehouses of Sturges, Buckingham & Co., on the Illinois Central Depot grounds, in Chicago, the amount of nearly a million and a half bushels of grain. In warehouse "B" there are 214,585 bushels of spring wheat, 567,534 bushels of barley, 7,883 bushels of oats. Total 801,148 bushels, or by weight, 22,672 tons. In warehouse "A" there are nearly 700,000 bushels of grain, and the quantity will increase until the amount in the other is reached, unless in a short time owners commence putting it on board vessels in the river.

LATEST FROM JAPAN.—*Trade with the United States.*—Letters have been received in New York from Mr. Harris, our minister at Yedo, dated as late as the 10th of December. The health of Mr. Harris has been entirely restored, and he was in the active performance of his official duties. He represents the feelings of the government and people of Japan to be in the highest degree favorable to this country. Mr. Harris differs essentially from the opinions of recent letter writers from Japan, in regard to the prospective importance of the American trade. There is reason to believe we may expect large importations of teas and silks from there during the present year. The ambassadors who visited the United States had resumed their official employments, and were loud and sincere in their acknowledgments for the honor and kindness shown them while in the United States.

INDIAN MASSACRES.—A correspondent of the St. Louis *Republican* writing from Tucson, Arizona, under date of the 25th ult., complains bitterly of the neglect of the General Government in not affording them either civil or military protection. "We have lived," says the writer, "through lawlessness and crime, with over fifty deaths per annum by violence, in a community not numbering more than 3,000 whites, and have inaugurated enterprises which will enrich future generations, but now all our energies are prostrated by the neglect of Government. Already, this year, though two months have scarce elapsed, we have lost eighteen men by Indian massacres, and our future promises to be recorded even more bloody than the past."

A "FUGITIVE" SLAVE.—A few days since a great excitement was created in Hadley, Mass., by a "fugitive slave" who went about town soliciting aid to enable him to reach Canada. He found hearts and hands open to aid him in his escape from officers who were reported to be on his heels. Towards night it was ascertained that the fugitive was a white man who had blackened his face and dressed himself for the occasion. The fellow, it is presumed, knew very well that in that abolition region a white man meets with very little sympathy, and therefore painted himself black in order to make "a raise."

MASONRY IN MASSACHUSETTS.—The Bunker Hill *Aurora* reports that the number of persons received into the Masonic institution in Massachusetts for several years past, has been as follows : 1857, 1002 ; 1858, 951 ; 1859, 1188 ; 1860, 1323. Five dispensations for new lodges were granted ; seven new lodges constituted, and twelve new halls dedicated, during the last year. At the close of the year there were 113 lodges in the State, and three in South America, under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts.

TOBACCO FOR THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT.—The Richmond (Va.) *Dispatch* states that Jas. Gray's Sons, merchants of that city, have been awarded the contract for buying tobacco in the Richmond market for the French government. The firm named are the sub-agents for parties in New York, who have the whole contract for the United States. The tobacco trade is a monopoly with the French government, to which it yields yearly a revenue of about thirty-five millions of dollars. The profit on the Richmond contract must be in the neighborhood of $20,000.

PRODUCING SILVER BY ARTIFICIAL MEANS.—It is said that a German chemist has discovered a method by which he produces sterling silver at a cost of about seventy-five cents per ounce, and that a company is forming to work the discovery on a profitable scale. The appliances required are certain chemical preparations and a galvanic apparatus of sufficient power to act on them. Should the experiment succeed on a large scale, the profits will be handsome, and additional weight will attach to the opinion that all metals are resolvable into two or three elements.

Mr. BATES ON THE COLLECTION OF THE REVENUE.—The St. Louis *Democrat* of Monday gives currency to a rumor that the Attorney-General, Mr. Bates, has given the opinion to President Lincoln that the revenue cannot be collected, except under the law of 1809, which renders it necessary for collectors to reside within their respective districts, and therefore it will be impossible to execute the laws with propriety, even were it otherwise feasible, in vessels.

REDUCTION OF WAGES.—A correspondent of the New York *Herald* says that one of the largest manufacturies in the country, situated at Phœnixville, in this State, will reduce wages from ten to twenty-five per centum, after the first of April, when the new tariff act is to go into effect. This prospective reduction is said to have been announced to about twelve hundred workmen. If so, it is not the effect of the operation of the tariff.

☞For a number of years past a religious body, known as the African Methodist Episcopal Conference, has been in the habit of holding its annual meetings in Baltimore, and they had appointed to meet again during the present month or early in April. The Board of Police deems such an assemblage unlawful, as it infracts a provision of the code which prohibits the assembling in Maryland of non-resident colored people, and have, therefore, given instructions to forbid the meeting.

PERPETUAL MOTION—Self-winding Clock.—The Water *Jeffersonian* says that Mr. Robert Hitchcock, of that place, has invented a clock that never requires winding up by hand, and will keep running until it is worn out, if left alone. After being put up it requires no further attention. It also acts as a ventilator. The invention is designed especially for town clocks and large office clocks, to any of which it can be applied. Mr. Hitchcock has received a patent.

HORRIBLE CASE OF POISONING—Thirteen Persons Dead.—The Cincinnati *Gazette* says : We have reports of a horrible case of poisoning at Rockford, Ill., by which a whole family, consisting of a father, mother and eleven children have been destroyed. The poisoning was produced by eating pork, in the curing of which some deadly substance (probably blue vitriol) had been used by mistake for saltpetre.

THE PEACH BUDS.—The editor of the *Rural New Yorker*, says he has continued observations in regard to the condition of the peach buds, and finds them injured in Western New York more than at first disposed to believe. There may be a few saved near the lake shore, or in close proximity to some of our inland lakes, and in a few favored localities, but the crop is gone.

GROWTH OF ILLINOIS.—The Illinois *State Journal* contains the official census of that State, by counties, furnished by the census bureau at Washington. The total is 1,711,738. She now stands the fourth State in population, coming next to Ohio, and has outstripped in the last decade, seven of her sister States, viz :—Massachusetts, Indiana, Virginia, Georgia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Kentucky, each of which exceeded her in population in 1850.

PREPARING FOR SEA.—In Chicago, Milwaukee and nearly all of the ports upon the upper lakes, vessels are preparing to get under way, and it is thought within one week hence, most of the shipping will be entirely rigged and refitted for service.

Up to this day no less than 10,000 applications for postmasterships have been filed in the Postoffice Department.

CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES.—The official census of the United States is completed, and it shows a total of thirty-one millions, four hundred and twenty-nine thousand, eight hundred and ninety-one (31,429,891.)

Of these, three millions, nine hundred and fifty-one thousand, eight hundred and one, are slaves.

☞On Tuesday night, of last week as a burthen train was approaching Hackensack bridge, in New Jersey, the draw-bridge was discovered to be open. The discovery was made too late, and the locomotive, cars and engineer, were precipitated into the river, in twenty feet of water and mud. The engineer was badly injured.

TURNIP JUICE WINE.—A witness in a case before the Court of Session at New York last week, disclosed the fact that the wine which had been sold by him while in the employ of the defendant, was made of what was called "turnip juice." This was "made to sparkle by gas from *vitriol and marble dust*, and then labelled champagne." No wonder the intemperate persons so often die prematurely.

In the town of Concord Mass., according to the recent census returns, there are annually manufactured 100,000 pails, and 75,000 tubs, worth $94,000 ; 2,000 grosses of pencils, worth $4,000 ; 2,000 packs of gold leaf, worth $14,000.

It is stated that $10,000,000 are annually gambled away on faro in New York.

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.—The diseases are too well known to require any description. How many thousands are every year carried to the silent grave by that dreadful scourge Consumption, which always commences with a slight cough. Keep the blood pure and healthy by taking a few doses of JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS each week and disease of any kind is impossible. Consumption and Lung difficulties always arise from particles of corrupt matter deposited in the air-cells by bad blood. Purify that stream of life and it will very soon carry off and destroy the poisonous matter ; and like a crystal river flowing through a desert, will bring with it and leave throughout the body the element of health and strength. As the river leaving the elements of fertility in its course, causes the before barren waste to bloom with flowers and fruit, so pure blood causes the frame to rejoice in strength and health and bloom with unfading beauty.

JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS ARE SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

Markets.

WEDNESDAY, March 26,'61

The FLOUR market is very quiet, with a very limited inquiry both for shipment and home consumption, and there is no particular anxiety, on the part of holders, to realize.—Sales for shipment of 400 bbls good superfine at 5.00 ; 150 bbls Lancaster county extra at 6.62, and 100 bbls fancy at 6.25. The sales to the retailers and bakers have been moderate within the range of these figures, and choice lots at 6. 37½ and 6.75.

RYE FLOUR is dull, and has declined 25c. A sale at 3.25.

Pennsylvania CORN MEAL is rather scarce, and held firmly at 2.87.

The receipts of WHEAT are small from all sources, and the offerings at the Corn Exchange light. There is a good inquiry chiefly for shipments, and prices are firm. Sales of 10,000 bus. including fair and good Western red at $1. 28 and 1.30 ; fair and prime Western Pen'a. at 1.25 and 1.28 ; Southern do. at $1.30 ; inferior white at 1.30 ; common to good do. at 1.45.

RYE is dull, Pennsylvania selling at 66 and 68 cents, the latter in a small way.

CORN is in demand and prices firm. 2,500 bushels new yellow sold at 58 and 58½c in store including some not good at 50 and 54c ; lots afloat would bring 60c, but there is none here.

OATS are selling in a small way at 32 and 33c for Penn'a.

BARLEY is scarce. Of BARLEY MALT, a sale of 800 bushels was made at 98 cents.

The PROVISION market continues very inactive, and the only sale we hear of is 45,000 lbs. loose shoulders and sides, in salt, at 6¾ cents for the former, and 8¾ cents for the latter, 60 days.

The SEED market is quiet at $4 75 and $5 per bushel for Cloverseed, and none offering ; 100 bushels Timothy brought $3 per bushel, and some Flaxseed $1 50.

WHISKEY moves off slowly at 18 cents for Pennsylvania barrels ; 18 and 18½ cents for for Western do ; 17 cents for Drugged, and 17½ cents for hogsheads.

—MARRIED—

BLACKBURN—ALBAUGH.—On the 17th inst., at the residence of Moses Rogers, Esq., in St. Clair tp., Mr. J. E. Scott, Blackburn, to Miss Margaret Ellen, daughter of John Albaugh, of Iowa, formerly of this place.

WILLIAMS—WHETSTONE.—On the 21st inst., at the house of the bride's father, by the Rev. J. Hannaberry, Mr. Charles Williams, to Miss Mary C. Whetstone, both of Napier township, this co.

MOSES—BLACKBURN.—At the residence of the bride's father, 12th inst., by the Rev. B. H. Hunt, Mr. Samuel Moses, to Miss Elmira J. Blackburn, both of this county.

—DIED—

VANHORN.—In Friend's Cove, February 28th, of disease of the heart, William Reese, son of J. M. Vanhorn, Aged 20 years, 3 months and 15 days.

McELHENNY.—At Bloody Run, March 22d, Martha Anne, Daughter of Rev. John McElhenny, Aged 33 years and 8 months.

LUTZ.—On the 21st inst., Mrs. Rosannah Lutz, aged 88 years, 2 months and 7 days.

Her days were many, and her end was peace.

NOTICE.—

All persons indebted for subscriptions of stock, to the Hopewell and Bloody Run Plank and Turnpike Road Company, are hereby notified, that the books will be left with Henry Nicodemus Esq., for collection, if not paid before the 1st April next.

JOSEPH W. TATE,
President, & Att'y. for Company.
March 15th, 1861.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN CUMBERLAND VALLEY TOWNSHIP.—By virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY 20th APRIL, NEXT

the following described Real Estate, to wit:

Sixty acres of land, about six thereof cleared, with a small house thereon erected, adjoining lands of the undersigned, John Miller, Martin Boor and others.

TERMS: One third in hand and balance in two equal annual payments, with interest.

WM. TROUT,
Committee of Nicholas Boor.

March 29th, '61. 4t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.— Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration, have been granted to the undersigned, on the Estate of Benjamin Wigfield, late of Southampton Township, Bedford county, dec'd., that all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make payment, and those having claims thereon, will present the same duly authenticated for settlement.

NATHAN ROBISON,
March 29th, '61. Administrator.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, pursuant to the order of the Orphans' Court, on the premises in West Providence Township, Bedford County, on SATURDAY, 20th APRIL next, the following

REAL ESTATE,

late the property of James McDaniel, dec'd., viz: One tract of land, being unimproved, adjoining lands of ——— Fetter on the East, Fred'k. Collaberger on the West, Andrew Mortimore on the North, and Joseph McDaniel's heirs on the South, containing one hundred acres, more or less.

ALSO, one other tract of unimproved land, adjoining the mansion property and lands of Daniel Snyder, David Steckman and others, and containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less.

ALSO, the mansion place, of said dec'd., adjoining lands of Daniel Snyder, Wilson McDaniel, Jacob Steel, John Calhoun and others, containing 208 acres, about one hundred acres cleared and under fence, 6 or 8 of which are meadow, balance well timbered. The improvements are a two-story Log Dwelling House, with kitchen attached; also a Smoke House, Spring House, and Log Stable, with threshing floor. There is also an apple orchard on the premises, and a good spring at the door of the dwelling. The property is situated five miles South of Bloody Run, on the road to Clearville.

The Sale will commence at 1 o'clock, on said day, the terms will be one third in hand, the balance in two equal annual payments without interest.

JOSEPH McDANIEL,
March 22d, '61. Administrator.

NOTICE.— Is hereby given that I have purchased at Constable's sale, on the 8th of March, 1861, the following property, to wit: One grey mare, one roan colt, one red spotted cow, one red heifer, two sows, twelve pigs, six shoats, one two horse plow, two shovel plows, one harrow, two sleds, one two horse wagon, one wind-mill, one grind-stone, one iron kettle, one ten plate stove one cooking-stove, two setts of wagon harness, fifteen bushels of wheat, forty bushels rye, fifteen barrels of corn, forty bushels of oats, all of which said property, I have left in the hands of Conrad Smith, during my pleasure, and hereby caution all persons against interfering with the same.

H. B. ELBIN,
March 22. per J. W. Tate, At'y.

BEDFORD COUNTY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—The Semi-Annual meeting of the Association will convene in the Hall of the Hall of the Union School House, in Bedford, on Friday, April 19th, at 1½ o'clock, P. M. The exercises will consist of Essays by Misses L. C. Arnold, M. E. Allison, and Messrs J. B. Fluck, M. A. Points, Jas. J. Barndollar and J. G. Livingston.—Lectures will be delivered by A. N. Raub and J. H. Longenecker.

It is hoped that the teachers of Bedford county, will turn out in numbers, and show the people that they are working in earnest. Friends of education, and the public generally are invited to attend.

J. GILBERT FISHER.
March 22. Chairman Business Committee.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.— The undersigned appointed auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of the Sheriff, arising from the sale of Philip Gosler's interest, in the Bedford Mineral Springs property, will attend to the duties, of said appointment at his office, in Bedford, on Friday 17th day of April, 1861 at 1 o'clock, when all interested can attend.

J. W. LINGENFELTER,
March 22d, '61. Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Whereas Letters of administration upon the estate of Jacob Murray, late of Woodbury Township, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said Estate, will make the same known without delay to

JOHN B. LONGENECKER,
Administrator, near Woodbury.

March 22d, 1861.

THE RAILROAD CAN'T BE MADE IF *PAYMENT IS NEGLECTED!*

All those that are indebted to the undersigned, are requested to call and pay up. The accounts are numerous and none large, and can be paid at once, and injure nobody. By attending to this notice, the car can be kept in motion. So don't forget to call immediately.

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.
March 22.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.— Letters of administration upon the estate of John Gorsuch, late of Hopewell tp., dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SHOEMAKER, of
March 22. Colerain township, adm'r.

LAST NOTICE. The Books of the late firm of Reed & Minnich, and J. Reed & co., are in the hands of the subscriber for collection. Debtors thereon desirous of saving costs, must call & settle on or before the 1st day of April, as after that date he will make use of the law in collecting without respect to persons.

JOHN P. REED.
March 8, 1861. Attorney at Law.

ESTATE OF JACOB NICODEMUS, dec'd.—Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to distribute the balance in the hands of Jacob A. Nicodemus, Executor of the last will &c., of Jacob Nicodemus, late of Middle Woodbury Township, in said county dec'd., and to report the facts to said Court, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, on Wednesday, the 13th day of March, A. D., 1861, at one o'clock P. M., of said day.

S. L. RUSSELL,
March 1st, '61, Auditor.

MARTHA T. MARTIN, C. H. HAMRICK, J. A. L. MORREI
GEO. R. PEDDLE, S. R. MARTIN.

F. A. BAKER,
WITH
MARTINS, PEDDLE, HAMRICK & CO.
—IMPORTERS OF—
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND NOTIONS,
No. 30, North Fourth St., Phil.

May 18.'60.-1 yr.

ROCK POWDER— Just received and for sale by
March 22. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

OFFICE JOHN A. STODDART, NO. 411 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Attention is invited to the following statement and the accompanying testimonials in favor of these

CELEBRATED AMERICAN WATCHES,

A Gold Medal was awarded the Company by the Massachusetts Mechanical Association, 1856. A Gold Medal was also awarded them by the American Institute at New York, in 1857. The Company also received the First Premium—a Gold Medal—from the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, in 1858.

These Watches have now been in the market for nearly ten years, during which time they have been tested as to

ACCURACY, DURABILITY AND RELIABILITY,

in every conceivable manner, and have proved themselves to be the most satisfactory time pieces ever offered to the public.

This result has been brought about by a strict application of mechanical science to the construction of the watch from its very inception, rendering it, when finished

MATHEMATICALLY CORRECT,

in all proportions, and necessarily as perfect a time keeper as it is possible to make.

The Company have tested their Watches, in many instances, by actual daily noting, and the result of this test has been that they have exhibited a rate equal in regularity to the best marine chronometer.

N. B.—We have just introduced a

NEW STYLE OF WATCH

elaborately finished, and thinner than any we have heretofore produced, with several improvements calculated to secure the greatest accuracy of performance, and to prevent the usual accidents and derangements to which foreign watches are liable.

Letter from Paul Morphy, the Celebrated Chess Player.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15, 1859.

Mr. R. E. ROBBINS, Treas. Am. Watch Co.:

Dear Sir:—The American Watch, No. 9240, presented me by the New York Chess Club, proved to be a most reliable and accurate time-keeper—almost unnecessarily so for ordinary purposes. It is now nearly five months since it came into my possession, and during that period its variation from standard time has been but a trifle more than half a minute. The following is a record of its performance. It was set June 3d correctly:

June 15, fast 4 seconds.			Aug. 15, fast 18 seconds.		
July 1,	- 6	do	Sept. 1,	- 23	do
- 15,	- 10	do	- 15,	- 28	do
Aug. 1,	- 16	do	Oct. 1,	- 32	do

I give you permission to make such use of this statement as you may think proper.

I am, with respect, yours truly,
PAUL MORPHY.

The following is from Mr. Porter, the well known Marine Chronometer and Watch Maker.

BOSTON, Sept. 28, 1859.

R. E. ROBBINS, Treas. Am. Watch Co.

Dear Sir:—I have sold during the last year a considerable number of Watches of the Waltham manufacture, and am happy to say that all of them without exception, have fulfilled my guaranty, and have given satisfaction to the purchasers.

GEORGE E. PORTER.

The following named gentlemen may be referred to in relation to these Watches.

Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, Maine, John G. Saxe, Vermont, N. P. Willis, N. Y., Hon. N. P. Banks, Massachusetts, A. L. Hamilton, Tennessee, James W. Simonton, Cal. Carlos D. Stuart, Long Island, Townsend Harris, Japan, Horace Greeley, Frank Leslie, Norman Wiard, Wis, Dr. J. Marion Sims, Charles Hammond, Phil'a., Prof. Bartlett, West Point, Dr. Ammi Brown, Boston, Lieut. Henry A. Wise, U. S. N., Col. W. J. Harden, U. S. A., S. Ireneus Prime, D. D. White Plains, Col. T. B. Thorpe.

CAUTION.

As our Watch is now extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we have to inform the public that no Watch is of our production which is unaccompanied by a certificate of genuineness, bearing the number of the Watch, and signed by our Treasurer, R. E. Robbins, or by our predecessors, Appleton, Tracy & Co.

These Watches are for sale by Jewelers generally, and can be had on application to the undersigned.

JOHN A. STODDART,
Number 411 Chestnut Street, above 4th St., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

March 15, 1861.–6mo.

NEW GOODS,
JUST ARRIVED AT
MRS. S. E. POTTS'.

A large assortment of
FALL & WINTER GOODS,
FALL & WINTER GOODS,
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FANCY DRESS GOODS
of all kinds, handsome winter silks, French merinoes, all wool delaines,
BONNETS & RIBBONS,
BONNETS & RIBBONS
Flowers, Ruches, bonnet velvets—new style, handsome cloaks,
FUR CAPES,
FUR CAPES,
Also, a large assortment of victorines and muffs.

Nov. 2, '60.

ALLEGHENY MALE AND FEMALE SEMINARY,
RAINSBURG, Bedford Co., Pa.

REV. W. W. BRIM, A. M., Principal,
Miss A. L. BRIM, Preceptress,
Miss S. J. BRIM, Teacher on Piano Forte.

This institution, under the supervision of the above named persons, assisted by other competent Teachers, affords a full course in Mathematics Natural sciences, Languages, and Belles Lettres, in music, Painting, &c., it gives extended instruction. The Spring Term will commence on April 8 1861. Students admitted at any time. Habits of health, system, and promptness, views, moral, social, and domestic, are here made prominent objects of education. That the physical powers, as well as the mental, may be cultivated—Calisthenic exercises are necessary—here the Students meet each day for systematic physical exercise.

$22.50 Will pay for board, including furnished rooms, room rent, fuel and tuition in common English, per term of eleven weeks. Extras, at moderate charges, even less than heretofore, or than the circular calls for.

Students prepared for the highest class in college.

For Circulars, or particulars, address
W. W. BRIM,
Dec. 21, 1860. Rainsburg, Bedford Co., Pa.

FRESH & GENUINE GARDEN SEEDS!
FRESH & GENUINE GARDEN SEEDS!
WM. HARTLEY HAS JUST RECEIVED
100 DOZEN PAPERS
100 DOZEN PAPERS
of Dreer's celebrated Fresh Philadelphia Garden Seeds,
EVERY PAPER WARRANTED
Peas and Beans by the quart, peck, or paper.
NO STORE TRASH KEPT, NOR SOLD.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.— Letters of administration on the estate of Mrs. Rebecca Shimer, late of Union township, dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH IMLER,
Feb. 8, 1861. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.— Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Francis McGirr, late of Juniata Township, Bedford county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber by the Register of Bedford County, all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby notified to present the same properly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

OWEN McGIRR,
Administrator.
Feb. 15th, '61. Bedford Township.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of administration having been granted to the subscriber upon the estate of Sidney R. Whitfield, late of E. Providence tp., dec'd., all persons knowing themselaes indebted are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims will dresent them for settlement.

JOHN W. SAMS,
[mar. 8.] administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of administration having been granted to the subscriber, on the estate of Geo. Ritchey, late of Union Township dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement. LEVI RITCHEY,
March 8, 1861. Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of Administration having been granted to the subscriber, on the estate of Isaac Grove, late of Monroe Township, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JESSE GROVE, West Providence,
JOHN L. GROVE Monroe,
March 8, 1861. Administrators.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.— Letters of administration on the Estate of Eliza Colvin, late of the Borough of Schellsburg, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, living in said Borough, all persons indebted to said Estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE M. COLVIN,
March 15, 1861. Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE. The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to report a distribution of the money which came to the hands of Samuel Carn, Esq., late deceased, as trustee to sell the real estate of Simon Claar, dec'd., and afterwards as guardian of the minor children of said Simon Claar, and now to be accounted for by O. E. Shannon, administrator, C. T. A., of said Samuel Carn, will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Thursday, the 21st day of March, 1861, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when and where all persons interested are invited to attend.

JOHN P. REED,
March 8. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE. The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to report a distribution of the moneys in the hands of Solomon Williams, Adm'r. of the Estate of Levi Clark dec'd., to those entitled to the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Friday, the 22d day of March, 1861, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day when and where all parties interested can attend.

JNO. P. REED,
March 8. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

A. C. James, vs. Wm. O'Neal } In Common Pleas of Bedford Co. No 17 Feb. T. 1861.

The undersigned, appointed to make distribution of money arising from sale of Real Estate, of above Def't., find facts &c., will attend to the duties of his appointment on Thursday, 28th of March, 1861 at the office of Cessna and Shannon, in the Borough of Bedford, at which time all interested can attend.

JOHN PALMER,
March 1st, '61. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE. The undersigned, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas in and for the County of Bedford, to examine the exceptions, filed to the account of J. W. Lingenfelter, Committee of George Ow, a lunatic, and to report the facts will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Saturday, the 23d day of *March*, 1861, at 10 o'clock *A. M.* of said day, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, when and where all parties interested can attend.

JNO. P. REED,
March 8. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.— The undersigned, appointed Auditor to make distribution of balance in hands of Job Mann, Administrator of Mrs. Sophia Morrison, dec'd., will attend to the duties of his appointment, on the 4th day of April, next, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, at which time all interested can attend.

R. D. BARCLAY,
March 8, 1861. Auditor.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

Michael Wheeling vs. Julianna Wheeling. } Subpoena on Libel for Divorce.

The undersigned appointed Commissioner in the above case to take testimony, &c., will attend to the duties of the appointment, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, on the 5th day of April, next, at which time all desiring can attend.

R. D. BARCLAY,
March 8. Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—

Henry Earnest, vs. Hannah Earnest. } Subpoena on Libel for Divorce.

The undersigned, appointed commissioner to take testimony, &c., in the above case, will attend to his duties, on the 3d day of April, next, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, at which time all desiring can attend.

R. D. BARCLAY,
March 8. Commissioner.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary have been granted to the subscriber, residing in Greenfield Township, Blair County, on the will of John Snowberger, late of St. Clair Tp., Bedford County, dec'd.—That all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims thereon, will present the same duly authenticated for settlement.

ELIAS DELL,
Mar. 8th, '61. Ex'r. Jno. Snowberger dec'd.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.— Notice is hereby given, that Letters Testamentary, on the will of John Bowser, late of Colerain Township, Bedford County, have been granted by the Register of said County, to the subscriber.—All persons indebted to said estate, are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims thereon, will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

MICHAEL HOLDERBAUM, Ex'r.,
Residing in Bedford Township.
March 1st, '61.

Iron City College

$35.00

Pays the entire cost for Tuition in the most popular and successful Commercial School in the country. Upward of *TWELVE HUNDRED* young men from *TWENTY-EIGHT* different States, have been educated for business here within the past three years, some of whom have been employed as Book Keepers at salaries of

$2000.00 PER ANNUM,

immediately upon graduating, who knew nothing of accounts when they entered the College.

☞Ministers' sons half price. Students enter at any time, and review when they please, without extra charge.

For Catalogue of 86 pages Specimens of Prof. Cowley's Business and Ornamental Penmanship, and a large engraving of the College, inclose twenty-five cents in Postage Stamps to the Principals,

JENKINS & SMITH,
Jan. 18, 1860. Pittsburg, Pa.

LOOKING GLASSES,
ENGRAVINGS,
PICTURE FRAMES,
OIL PAINTINGS,

The most extensive and elegant assortment at the very lowest rates.—Glasses in store of every description. *Mahogany* framed Glasses, for country sales. Print and Portrait frames, Window Cornices, Gilt *Mouldings*, etc. Estimates for furnishing Glasses to fill every space, by mail on application. Engravings for Grecian and Antique Paintings.—Catalogues gratis.

JAS. S. EARLE & SON,
816 Chestnut St., Phil'a.

May 18,'60.–1 yr.

GREAT BARGAINS!
GREAT BARGAINS!
GREAT BARGAINS!

Wishing to reduce our stock as low as possible by Spring, we will offer every description of
WINTER GOODS!
WINTER GOODS!
WINTER GOODS!
AT COST, FOR CASH.
AT COST, FOR CASH.
AT COST, FOR CASH.
Ready made Clothing at Half-Price.
☞CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.☜
A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Jan. 14, 1861.

SELECT SCHOOL. The undersigned hereby informs the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he will open a "SELECT SCHOOL," commencing Monday April 8th, and continue four months. A Normal Class will also be formed. Having himself passed through a full course in the State Normal, and employing none but efficient assistants, he feels warranted in insuring satisfaction. Pupils of all grades will be received. Teachers throughout the county may find it to their advantage to apply soon.—Terms moderate. Apply to

A. N. RAUB,
Principal of the "Bedford Union School."
March 8th, '61.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.— The undersigned, appointed auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of Sheriff Cessna, arising from the sale of the real estate of Terrence Keirney will attend to the duties of said appointment on Monday, the 15th day of April, 1861, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at his office in Bedford borough.

O. H. GAITHER
March 22. Auditor.

PATENT MICA LAMP CHIMNEY.

A CHIMNEY THAT WILL NOT BREAK!

This great invention commends itself to every one using Coal Oil Lamps. It gives more light, saves the cleaning and will not break by the heat or cold, falling, or any ordinary usage. For sale by Storekeepers generally throughout the U. S. and the Canadas, and Wholesale by the Manufacturers and Patantees.

HORNING & HUMPHREY,
No. 321 N. Second Street, Phil'a.

N. B.—A large and superior stock of COAL OIL LAMPS, always on hand, at prices defying competition. Also, the Portland Coal Oil, at Manufacturers' price.

March 15, 1861–1t.

NOTICE OF INQUISITION.— WHEREAS, Zaccheus Luman, late of Cumberland Valley twp., dec'd., died seized of the following Real Estate, to wit:

One tract of land, being the mansion place, situate in said township of Cumberland Valley, Bedford County, containing about eighty acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Jacob Wertz, John Fredericks' heirs and others.

Leaving a widow, Sarah Luman, and issue six children, viz: Ann intermarried with David Dicken, residing in Seneca county, Ohio, Sarah Luman, residing in Bedford county, John Luman, the petitioner, Moses Luman, residing in Seneca county, Ohio, Benjamin Luman, residing in Seneca county, Ohio, and Eliza intermarried with William Gillam, residing in Bedford county.

Notice is therefore hereby given that in pursuance of a writ of Partition, or valuation, to me directed, I will proceed to hold an Inquisition, or Valuation, on the premises, on Saturday, the 6th day of April, next, when and where all interested, may attend if they see proper.

Sheriff's Office, } JOHN J. CESSNA,
March 15, 1861. } Sheriff.

NOTICE OF INQUISITION.— WHEREAS Rachael McCune, late of Middle Woodbury Township, deceased, died, seized of the following real estate, viz: One lot of ground in the Town of Woodbury, in the county of Bedford, with a dwelling house thereon erected, bounded by lots of George R. Holsinger, and Jacob Brenneman,

Leaving issue seven children, to wit: John McCune, the petitioner, Samuel McCune, Rebecca Alaways, Margaret Igo, Hannah Barley, Nancy Ann Moore, all residing in Blair County, Pennsylvania, and Sanford Miller, whose residence is unknown:

Notice is, therefore, hereby given, that in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation, to me directed, I will proceed to hold an Inquisition, or Valuation, on the premises, on Saturday, the 13th day of April next, when and where all parties interested may attend if they see proper.

Sheriff's Office, } JOHN J. CESSNA,
March 15th, 1861. } Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.— By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exponas to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 30th day of March, 1861, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

One tract of land containing 65 acres more or less, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with a plank dwelling house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Eleven Shipley, Thomas Conrad and others, situate in Southampton Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas Pennell.

Sheriff's Office, } JOHN J. CESSNA,
March 15th, 1861. } Sheriff.

THE BODUGGER.— This wonderful article just patented, is something entirely new, and never before offered to agents, who are wanted everywhere. Full particulars sent free. Address

SHAW & CLARK,
March 15, 1861. Biddeford, Maine.

SHETALND WOOL, all colors at Dr. Harry's
KEROSENE OIL, the best article ... Harry's



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.
From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.
From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Billious Disorders—Liver Complaints.
From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, }
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856. }

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.
From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.
From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.
From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach and expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skillful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

B. F. Harry, Bedford; Barndollar & Son, Bloody Run; G. B. Amick, St. Clairsville; J. Breneman, Woodberry; Geo. Gardill, West End; J. E. Colvin, Schellsburg; and by dealers generally.

Oct. 12, 1860.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?
DO YOU WANT A MOUSTACHE?
DO YOU WANT A MOUSTACHE?

BELLINGHAM'S CELEBRATED STIMULATING ONGUENT, FOR THE WHISKERS AND HAIR.

The subscribers take pleasure in announcing to the Citizens of the United States, that they have obtained the agency for, and are now enabled to offer to the American public, the above justly celebrated and world renowned article.

THE STIMULATING ONGUENT

Is prepared by DR. C. P. BELLINGHAM, an eminent physician of London, and is warranted to bring out a thick set of Whiskers or a Mustache, in from three to six weeks: This article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in London and Paris it is in universal use.

It is a beautiful, economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic upon the roots, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair. If applied to the scalp, it will cure baldness and cause to spring up in place of the bald spots a fine growth of new hair. Applied according to directions, it will turn red or towy hair dark, and restore gray hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth and flexible. The "Onguent" is an indispensable article in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use they would not for any consideration be without it.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be addressed.

Price One Dollar a box—for sale by all Druggists and Dealers, or a box of the "Onguent" (warranted to have the desired effect) will be sent to any who desire it by mail (direct) securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, $1.18. Apply to or address

HORACE L. HEGEMAN & CO.,
Druggists, &c., 24 William Street, N. Y.

March 8.

B. FRANK. JACKSON,
PRINTER AND STATIONER,
439 *CHESTNUT STREET,*
PHILADELPHIA.

May 18,'60.–1 yr.

DR. MOTT'S CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE PILLS OF IRON.

AN APERIENT AND STOMACHIC PREPARATION of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest medical authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaint Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fever Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of *General Debility*, whether the result of acute disease or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bed-ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In *Nervous Affections* of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of Iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and over-heating; and gently regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness, without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for *Piles*, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In *Dyspepsia*, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases.

In unchecked *Diarrhœa*, even when advanced to Dystentery, confirmed, emaciating and apparently malignant, the effects have been equall decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate *Incipient Consumption*, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In *Scrofulous Tuberculosis*, this medicated iron has had far more the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well-known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative, in the cases peculiarly affecting them.

In *Rheumatism*, both chronic and inflammatory, in the latter, however, more decidedly, it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In *Intermittent Fevers* it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered, in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt happy and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address, on receipt of the price.

All letters, orders, etc., should be addresse to

R. B. Locke & Co., General Agents,
20 CEDAR STREET, N. Y.

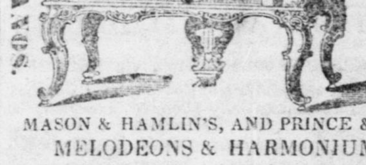
July 20th, '60.

PHIL'A. ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. E. GOULD,
No. 632 Chestnut St., cor. of Seventh,
PHILADELPHIA

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.

HAVEN, BACON & CO'S., NUNN'S & CLARK'S, HALLET, DAVIS & CO'S., AND A. H. GALE & CO'S.



MASON & HAMLIN'S, AND PRINCE & CO'S
MELODEONS & HARMONIUMS.

Pianos and Melodeons to Rent. Second-hand Pianos.
May 18,'60.–1 yr.

J. P. HUBER,
(SUCCESSOR TO J. SORVER,)
—WHOLESALE DEALER IN—
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,
No 8 North Fifth St., above Market, Phil'a.

Also, Manufacturer and Importer of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

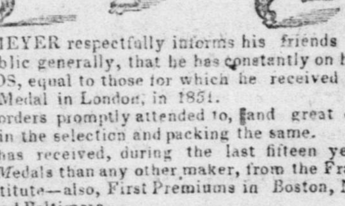
May 18, 1860.–1 yr.

WILLIAM RAIGUEL, JAMES M. WHITBY,
SAMUEL MOORE, EDWARD A. ADAMS,
WILLIAM G. SKILLMAN, HENRY P. ATKINSON.

RAIGUEL, MOORE & CO.,
LATE, RAIGUEL AND CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
Nos. 220 & 222 North Third St., above Race,
West side, PHILADELPHIA.

May 18,'60.–1 yr.

THE WORLD'S GREAT EXHIBITION PRIZE MEDAL, awarded to C. MEYER for his two PIANOS, London, October 15, 1851.



C. MEYER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has constantly on hand PIANOS, equal to those for which he received the Prize Medal in London, in 1851.

All orders promptly attended to, and great care taken in the selection and packing the same.

He has received, during the last fifteen years, more *Medals* than any other maker, from the Franklin Institute—also, First Premiums in Boston, New York and Baltimore.

Warerooms, No. 772 ARCH Street, below Eighth, South side, PHILADELPHIA

May 18, 1860.-1yr.

JOHN O. JAMES, ISAAC WELSH, H. G. STERLING
WM. C. KENT, G. A. SMITH, H. D. WELSH,
CHARLES SANTEE, SAMUEL WHITE, J. TOMLINSON

JAMES, KENT, SANTEE & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
DRY GOODS,
239 & 241 NORTH THIRD STREET,
ABOVE RACE, PHILADELPHIA.

May 18 '60 –1 yr.

D. BORDER,

CLOCK & WATCH MAKER,

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Woula respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that h has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line He has on hand, and will constautly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the bert style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils. &c. &c.

April 27, 1855

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Stee spectacles. with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

GRANVILLE STOKES'

GIFT CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

ONE PRICE AND NO ABATEMENT

NO. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.

GRANVILLE STOKES would return thanks to the public for their appreciation of his efforts to please, and their liberal patronage.

In order to keep up this kindly feeling, he has yielded to the solicitations of many of his friends and inaugurated a new system of Gifts with each Garment sold. To his choice selection of fine Fabrics, and made-up Clothing, he invites the scrutiny of the public, as well as to his new mode of doing business. Each article is warranted to be, n Fabric, Style and Make, equal to any gotten up in the City, and one price, (lower than the lowest,) marked on the Ticket.

Each article sold, or measured for, is accompanied by a Gift, varying in value from $1 to $100.

N. B.—None but the most skillful Designers, Cutters and Workmen employed; and satisfaction in Fit, Fashion, Fabric, Price and Gift, guaranteed at

GRANVILLE STOKES'

ONE PRICE GIFT CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

NO. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.

Nov. 18,'60.–6 ms.

BLAIR COUNTY NORMAL SCHOOL & SEMINARY,

MARTINSBURG, BLAIR CO., PA

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B. } Principals.
J. W. DICKERSON, }

This institution will commence its first session with an able and experienced corps of instructors on Monday, Nov. 5th, 1860. No expense has been spared in making it thorough and complete in every department.

The school building is constructed and furnished upon the most approved modern plans, and is one of the best in the State. It contains a hall capable of seating 500 adults, with office, music rooms, sufficient for a school of 300 pupils.

The school is located in a region of country unexcelled for its beauty and healthfulness, and is surrounded by a moral and industrious community.

The distance to Cove Station, Huntingdon and Broad Top R. R. is six miles; to Hollidaysburg Station, Pa. R. R. 12 miles, with daily stages from the latter and tri-weekly from the former; thus making it easy of access from all parts of the country

The objects of the school are :—

1st. The Professional Training of Teachers.

2nd. The thorough Education of young ladies and gentlemen in the English and Ornamental Branches

3d. The preparation of Students for College.

The teaching Class will meet daily for lectures on the Theory and Practice of Teaching, recitation from a standard work on the subject, or discussion of Methods of Teaching by the class.

Students who desire to do so may prepare to enter the higher classes in college.

Ladies will have a separate boarding house and will be under the immediate supervision of an experienced Preceptress.

Instruction given in all the branches taught in the best Academies and Seminaries.

Whole expense, (exclusive of Ornamental branches,) for boarding, tuition, furnished rooms, room ent, and fuel, $118.00 a year.

For circular, with full particulars, address

E. J. OSBORNE, or J. W. DICKERSON,

J. C. EVERHART, Martinsburg, Blair co., Pa.

Oct. 12. 1860.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

CHAMBERSBURG & LATROBE, via BEDFORD

A new and splendid line of Concord built Coaches, leaves Chambersburg daily (Sunday excepted) at 7 A. M., and arrives in Bedford at 7 P. M, same day. Leaves Bedford daily, (Sundays excepted) at 7 A. M., for Latrobe, making close connection with Mail train for Pittsburg and the West. Returning, leaves Latrobe daily (Sundays excepted) on the arrival of the train from Pittsburg, at 9 30, A. M., and arrives in Bedford same evening. Passengers wishing to go East, take the coach next morning at 7 A. M., and arrive at Chambersburg same evening at 7 P. M.

RATES OF FARE :—From Bedford to Chambersburg, $3 50. From Bedford to Latrobe, $3 50. From Bedford to Pittsburg, $4.25.

The stock on this road cannot be surpassed by any in the State, and the drivers are careful, sober and accommodating. This is the cheapest, most expeditious and pleasant route passengers can take, going East or West. For further information apply to James Reamer, Chambersburg, John Hafer, Bedford, Chas. W. Fisher, Latrobe.

A. J. REESIDE, Contractor.

N. B. Passengers for Somerset and Johnstown, connect at Stoystown with J. A. Garman's Line of Mail Coaches, also, at Jenner X Roads with E. Kierman's mail line.

Sept. 7, 1860.

BEDFORD HOTEL—

AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, on Pitt Street, where he would be happy to meet his old friends, and the public generally.

It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The house will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants wil be engaged.

Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

ALL THE STAGES STOP AT THIS HOTEL.

JOHN HAFER,

Aug. 1, 1860. Proprietor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters of Administration on the estate of Alfred S. Over, late of South Woodberry township, dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber living in Middle Woodberry tp., all persons ndebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CYRUS S. OVER,

Feb. 22d, '61.

SOMETHING NEW & USEFUL

CAN ALWAYS BE SEEN AT



HARTLEY'S.

Hartley has just received the finest assortment of Meat cutters and Stuffers ever brought to the county. He has a new article of cutter that excels all others, cheap and durable, also Butcher Knives by the hundred, Meat Saws, &c.,

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL AND LAMPS

Brilliant, cheap and beautiful. Said to burn 2 hours for one cent, no smoke, no smell, no explosion, go to Hartley's and purchase before the prettiest are sold, and purchase a nice cheap light for the long winter nights.—Hartley also has

SPALDING'S LIQUID GLUE,

which should be in every house; it mends most everything.

HARDWARE BY THE TON,

Oil and Paints, of nearly every kind,
Iron, Nails and Glass,
Farm Implements and Machinery.
Satisfaction given to all reasonable persons.
Cash buyers wanted and favored.
Those who pay promptly and known to be reliable, may be credited 6 months.

Nov. 9, 1860.

UNION HOTEL,—

BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public, that he has leased the above named Hotel, in the old and well known Globe building, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, and recently in the occupancy of Jonathan Horton, dec'd., where he will be happy to see his friends, and the traveling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call.—He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquor.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

Boarders taken by the day, week month and year.

JOSEPH ALSIP.

Bedford, Nov. 30, 1860.

ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.

ROHRER'S PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.—

A Book of Plain Rules and Calculations for Business Operation, By Martin M. Rohrer, Practical Surveyor and Conveyancer. New Edition, Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.

This work contains 204 pages, and upwards of 500 Rules and Examples, entirely and thoroughly practical, such as arise every day in the common pursuits of Business. It has already passed through a number of Editions in rapid succession, and is pronounced by all classes of business men to be the handiest book of reference, pertaining to calculations, that has ever been published.

Every example in the book is worked out in full and tated in a plain manner, so that when a parallle case arises, those referring to the work will find no difficulty in readily solving it; in a word, the general arrangement of the Calculator is so simple, that any one who knows how to add, substract, multiply, or divide, can easily solve any ordinary example that arises in business, or arrive at the result of any estimate required.

The chief aim of the author has been to eschew theory and philosophy in figures, aiming only at facts and simplicity, believing that business men care little about spending time in discussing the philosophy of rules or the science of figures, deeming it sufficient for their purpose to be able at a moment, by reference, to arrive at the true result The calculator differs in this respect from all Arithmetics of the day, and kindred works—it is a key to practical business calculations—it is, in the hands of the business man, what the key to mathemrtical works is in the hands of the teacher in the school-room—it facilitates time and insures correctness.

THE WORK TREATS OF THE

Measurement of Land, of Lumber, of Brick and Brick work, of Stone and Stone Work, of Grain and Grain Bins, of Coal and Coal Bins, of Wood, of Solids, of Liquids, of Circular, of Square, or Irregular Vessels, of Cisterns and Vats, of Roofing, of Plasterers', Painters', Glaziers', Pavers', Plumbers, Paper Hangers', and Upholsters', Work. It treats of Currency and of Foreign and Domestic Exchange of the Decimal System, of Reduction and its extended application to Business, of Simple and compound Interest, and their entire application to Business transactions, with the laws and usages governing and regulating the same, together with numerous Commercial Forms—of Legal Tender, of Partial Payments on Notes, of Banking and Bank Discount of Equation of Payments and Partnership Accounts of Assessment of Taxes, of Weights and Measures, of Square and Cubic Measure, of the Square Root and its application to Business, of Surfaces, of Excavation, and of many other important practical matters not within the scope of an advertisement to mention.

☞Mailed (post paid) to any part of the United States upon receipt of the money. Price of a single Copy, in Cloth, 60 Cents, or two Copies for $1. 00. Bound in Pocket-book form, Morocco, $1.00 per copy.

ADDRESS :

M. M. ROHRER,

Box 1911 Philadelphia P. O., Pa.

30, 1860.–6ms.

CALL AND SEE!!

A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL!!!

Assortment of Coal Oil Lamps, of the latest styles, just received, and for sale cheap. at

H. C. REAMER'S

Nov. 16, 1860. Drug Store.

NORTHERN LIGHT!!!

THE CHEAPEST!!!!

And best light in use, can be had by buying Coal Oil, perfectly pure, inodious and free from smoke while burning, at $1.00 per gallon, at

H. C. REAMER'S

Nov. 16, 1860. Drug Store.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

S. E. Cor. 11th & Market Sts.

PHILADELPHIA,

W. KANAGA, }
W. McVEY, } PROPRIETORS.

Fe. 3, 1860

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT Of Kerosene Lamps and Shades, just received at

Oct. 2, 1860. HARRY'S.

A LOT OF PURE MAPLE SUGAR, FOR SALE by

July20,'60. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

MACCARONI, CHEESE, CRACKERS, CRYstalized Fruit and Gum Candies for sale by

v20. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

THE SCIENCE OF EDUCATION AND ART OF TEACHING, by John Ogden A. M. at Dr. Harry's

BROAD TOP RAIL ROAD!

Arrangements have been effected between the PENNSYLVANA R. R. CO. and HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP R. R. CO., by which Freights are transported at the following low rates; From Hopewell to Philadelphia, Flour, 62½ cents per barrel. Grain, 31 cents per 100 lbs. Merchandize Westward, From Philadelphia to Hopewell, per 100 lbs., 1st Class, 75 cents. 2d class, 60 cts. 3d class 50 cents. 4th class, 35 cents. Salt and Plaster, 30 cents.

Freights Westward are received at the Pennsylvania Railroad Stition, 13th and Market Streets, Philadelphia, and forwarded daily.

Freights Eastwad are received at the Hopewel station of Broadtop R. R., and forwarded daily.

S. B. KINGSTON, JR.,
Freight gent. Pen'na. R. R. Co., Phil'a.

S. S. FLUCK,
Freight Agent, H. & B. T. R. R., Hopewell Station.

Riddlesburg Coal, Fine and Lump, always on hand and for sale.

S. S. FLUCK.

Sept. 7, 1860.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Castings of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Sonderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1858.

FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP,

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Aschom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-car, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted qual to the best Eastern make. Machinery of all inds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASCHOM.

Nov. 11, 1859



JUDSON'S

Mountain Herb Pills.

ABOVE, we present you with a perfect likeness of Tezuco, a chief of a tribe of the strange Aztec Nation, that once ruled Mexico. You will find a full account of him and his people in our Pamphlets and Almanacs—to be had gratis, from the Agents for these Pills.

The Inventor and Manufacturer of "Judson's Mountain Herb Pills," has spent the greater part of his life in traveling, having visited nearly every country in the world. He spent over six years among the Indians of the Rocky Mountains and of Mexico, and it was thus that the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS" were discovered. A very interestin account of his adventures there, you will find in our Almanac and Pamphlet.

It is an established fact, that all diseases arise from

IMPURE BLOOD!

The blood is the life! and when any foreign or unhealthy matter gets mixed with it, it is at once distributed to every organ of the body. Every nerve feels the poison, and all the vital organs quickly complain. The stomach will not digest the food perfectly. The liver ceases to secrete a sufficiency of bile. The action of the heart is weakened, and so the circulation is feeble. The lungs become clogged with the poisonous matter; hence, a cough—and all from a slight impurity at the fountain-head of life—the Blood! As if you had thrown some earth, for instance, in a pure spring, from which ran a tiny rivulet, in a few minutes the whole course of the stream becomes disturbed and discolored. As quickly does impure blood fly to every part, and leave its sting behind. All the passages become obstructed, and unless the obstruction is removed, the lamp of life soon flies out.

These pills not only purify the blood, but regenerate all the secretions of the body; they are, therefore, unrivalled as a

CURE FOR BILIOUS DISEASES,

Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, &c. This *Anti-Bilious* Medicine expels from the blood the hidden seeds of disease, and renders all the fluids and secretions pure and fluent, clearing and resuscitating the vital organs.

Pleasant indeed, is it to us, that we are able to place within your reach, a medicine like the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS," that will pass directly to the afflicted parts, through the blood and fluids of the body, and cause the sufferer to brighten with the flush of beauty and health.

Judson's Pills are the Best Remedy in existence for the following Complaints:

Bowel Complaints,	*Debility,*	*Inward Weakness,*
Coughs,	*Fever and Ague,*	*Liver Complaints,*
Colds,	*Female Complaints,*	*Lowness of Spirits,*
Chest Diseases,	*Headaches,*	*Piles,*
Costiveness,	*Indigestion,*	*Stone and Gravel,*
Pytpepsia,	*Influenza,*	*Secondary Symptoms.*
Diarrhœa,	*Inflammation,*	
Dropsy,		

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE!

Females who value health, should never be without these Pills. They purify the blood, remove obstructions of all kinds, cleanse the skin of all pimples and blotches, and bring the rich color of health to the pale cheek.

☞The Plants and Herbs of which these Pills are made, were discovered in a very surprising way among the Texucans, a tribe of Aborigines in Mexico. Get the Almanac of our Agent, and you will read with delight, the very interesting account it contains of the "GREAT MEDICINE" of the Aztecs.

Observe.—*The Mountain Herb Pills are put up in a Beautiful Wrapper. Each box contains 40 pills, and Retail at 25 cents per box. All genuine, have the signature of B. L. JUDSON & CO., on each box.*

B. L. JUDSON & Co.,

SOLE PROPRIETORS,

No. 50 Leonard Street,

NEW YORK.

☞ FOR SALE BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS. ☜

To be had at B. F. HARRY'S Drug and Book Store, Bedford, Pa.

Jan. 11, 1860.–1y.

FOR SALE OR TRADE!

25 Tons of Plaster.
3 New Two horse wagons.
1 New set of Double Harness

The highest market price paid for wheat, rye corn, oats, and buckwheat.

Poor House Mill, }
Bedford, Nov. 16. } JOHN NELSON.

FOR SALE,

OR TRADE,

A first-rate farm of limestone land, in Morrison's Cove, containing about 131 acres, 100 of which are cleared and balance well timbered. The farm is well watered. The improvements are a good two story Frame House, Log House, Barn, &c. There is a good orchard upon the premises. The farm adjoins Bloomfield Furnace, lies half a mile from the Hollidaysburg Turnpike, and four miles from Martinsburg. There is a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce, and the land is in a high state of cultivation. For particulars inquire of David Daniel, in possession, or George Cleugh, at Spang's

—ALSO—

A Grist-mill property in Harman's Bottom, now owned by Lewis N. Fyan. The mill is a large frame with two overshot whells and four run of stone; in good order, and in a good settlement, with a sufficient supply of water. The farm contains nearly 400 acres; about 100 aliuvial soil. and cleared; and the balance well timbered. The improvements are a large brick house, tenant house, miller's house, barn, distillery, &c. The farm can be divided without disadvantage. Terms reasonable.

—ALSO—

A tract of land in St. Clair tp., containing 93 acres, or thereabouts, about 55 acres cleared, with a two story log dwelling house, tenant-house and two log stables thereon erected; also. an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Wm. Keefe, Jacob Semler and others; formerly the property of George Kimberlin.

—ALSO—

a Farm of 166 acres, about 100 cleared, with Double Log House, New Bank Barn, and two good orchards thereon, lying on the Juniata River, two miles from Stonerstown, and half a mile from the rail road. This farm is composed of a good quality of river bottom land, 30 or 40 acres of which can be put into good meadow. The whole is now in a good state of cultivation.

—ALSO—

A farm of 118 acres of limestone land in Liberty Township near Stonerstown, known as the "John Stoler property," adjoining lands of 'Squire Kensinger, Stoler and others. The improvements are a Log House, Log Barn &c. There is good water on the premises, also an orchard of good fruit.

—ALSO—

A new two-story Rough-cast House and two lots of ground in Broadtop city.

—ALSO—

160 acres of the best quality of land in Harrison county, Iowa, near the Missouri, and close to the county seat.

—ALSO—

A Lot of ground in Omaha city, Nebraska.

—ALSO—

100 acres of land, in Southampton Township, Bedford county, lately owned by Wm. Lashley.

TERMS to suit buyers.

O. E. SHANNON,

Jan. 27, 1860 Bedford, Pa

DISSOLUTION

OF PARTNERSHIP.

The late firm of J. REED & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent, and the books of the firm of Reed & Minnich have been left in the hands of their attorney J. P. Reed, and those of Jacob Reed, for settlement and collection; and all persons concerned desiring to save costs must call immediately and make settlement, as but little delay will be afforded.

JACOB REED

Will now continue the business on the CASH AND PRODUCE SYSTEM. He will do business on the SQUARE, so that he can sell goods at a CHEAPER RATE than ever; he does not wish to charge CASH and PROMPT customers with the losses occasioned by non-paying customers—therefore, Cash or Produce will govern his trade. He invites his friends and customers to call and examine his splendid NEW GOODS; they will be shown with pleasure and disposed of at very light profits. Just opening and on hand

DRY GOODS, HATS, CAPS,
CLOTHING, SHOES,
QUEENSWARE,
GROCERIES,

And all goods kept in a general store.

LADIES can here find all they want for dress o comfort.

GENTLEMEN need seek no further for their essentials.

Come and examine for yourselves, a ready welcome awaits you.

Nov. 9, 1860.

MORE NEW AND CHEAP GOODS

AT

A. B. CRAMER & CO'S.,

BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned have just received a large and general assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Our present stock is very complete, and we respectfully invite our friends and customers to call and

EXAMINE THE PRICES,
EXAMINE THE PRICES.

Cash or prompt six month buyers may expect, and will be offered,

GREATER BARGAINS,
GREATER BARGAINS,

th an ever offered before. All kinds of

COUNTRY PRODUCE WANTED,
COUNTRY PRODUCE WANTED.

Oct. 26, 1860.

OSTER & CARN

NEW WINTER GOODS,
AT THE CHEAP STORE
OF
OSTER & CARN,
BEDFORD, PA.,

Just received a handsome line of new and fashionable

DRESS GOOD,

Shawls, Prints, Ginghams,
Sacking flannels in all colors,
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,
Satinetts, Jeans, Ready-made
Vests, Business and Over-Coats,
Hosiery, Gloves, Boots, Shoes,
Hats, Caps, Glass, China and
Queensware, Groceries, Spices, &c.,
And everything NEW AND CHEAP.—

Being determined to adhere to the system of "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS," we believe it will be to the interest of all to EXAMINE our Stock, before purchasing.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

Oct. 26,'60.

TO BUILDERS.—

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths.—Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford county, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

FOR RENT —

The subscriber offers for rent the Store Room known as the "Kerns Stand," immediately opposite the store of N. Lyons & Sons, and lately occupied by J. & J. M. Shoemaker.—ALSO—the Dwelling House at present in the occupancy of W. M. Hall, Esq. Application should be made soon.

F. C. REAMER.

Dec. 21st.

MRS. HALE'S RECEIPTS for the million, at Dr. Harry's.

DRUGS AND BOOKS.

H. C. REAMER,

JULIANNA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.,

(In the stand formerly occupied by Dr. F. C. Reamer)



WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnish tine, Window Glass, Glassware



received, a large stock of American, French and English perfumery. Also, a great variety of fine Soaps for toilet use. Tooth pastes, Hair Tonic's Hair Dyes, that will color various shades, from a light brown to a jet black, Tooth, Nail, Hair, Shaving, and Clothes brushes, Combs, Pocket Knives, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Segar cases, &c.

—ALSO—

Have and will keep constantly on hand, a supply of Coal Oil, Burning fluid and Camphine, with a great variety of the most mode rn and best style of coal oil and fluid lamps.

Pure Wines and Brandies for medical use, Flavoring Extracts and Spices of all sorts, Fine Segars, Snuffs, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

Having the agency for all the principal patent medicines in use, will keep a full supply constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Dealer in Books, &c., consisting of Geographical, Scientific, Religious, Poetical, Historical, Law, Medical, School and Miscellaneous Works, in connection with a great variety of plain and fancy Stationery, Cap, Note, Post, and Wrapping Paper, Blank Books, of every size and quality, Diaries, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Notes and Receipts.

☞Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed, with regard both to price and quality.

☞Physicians' Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day or night.

Dec. 16, 1859.

BEDFORD FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs. Washabaugh and Bannon, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, PLOUGHS, APPLE MILLS, COOKING, TEN PLATE, AND COAL STOVES, SLED AND

Sleigh soles, wash kettles of different sizes wagon boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article), oven doors, and every thing usually made in a country Foundry.

☞PLOUGHS.—WOODCOCK, SEYLER, and BILL-SIDE PLOUGHS.—Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the emergencies of the times, we will

Sell low for CASH, or country produce.

Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

feb 25,'60-1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

MENGEL HOUSE,

JULIANA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber, having renovated and refurnished this old established House, is now prepared to receive guests. He invites his friends and the traveling public to give him a call. Having new furniture, new beds, and everything necessary to render hearty cheer to those in want of a temporary home, he flatters himself that those who stay with him, will find themselves at the right place.

He is fully prepared to receive visitors to the Springs, and all having business with the courts or otherwise.

Ample stabling and carriage house is attached to the Hotel.

Boarders will be received on favorable terms.

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.

Bedford, April 20, 1860.

CONFECTIONARY

AND GROCERY.

THE undersigned has just received and keeps constantly on hand the following articles :—

Coffee, sugar, molasses, cheese, crackers, currants, prunes, raisins, figs, almonds, filberts, cocoa nuts, ground nuts, pecans, Eng. walnuts, cream nuts, candies in variety, oranges, lemons, tobacco and cigars, allspice and pepper, spices of all kinds, baking soda, cream of tartar, sulphur, brimstone, canister and keg powder, shot, caps and lead, grain and grass scythes, whetting tools, wash tubs and boards, indigo, extract logwood, copperas, alum and madder, oil, polish and Mason's blacking, sweeping, dusting stove, shoe and scrubbing, brushes, clothes, hair, tooth and flesh brushes, hat and infant brushes, hair oils and perfumery, purses and port monaies, pocket and memorandum books, bonnet and round gum combs, "ridding" and fine combs, bracelets and beads, pens, pen-holders, penknives, scissors, knife-sharpeners, umbrellas, suspenders, spool cotton and floss, clocks, small looking glasses, violins, violin strings, toy watches, watch chains, curry combs, cards, horse brushes, shoe-thread, pegs and sparables, Johnson's Arabian Liniment, Rock and Little's White Oil, Merchant's celebrated Gargling Oil, for man or beast, and many other articles of a similar nature. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

June 17,'59.–1y.

WASHINGTON HOUSE,

BEDFORD, PA.

MRS. S. FILLER would respectfully announce to her friends in Bedford County, and to the public generally, that she has leased, for a term of years, the large and convenient brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Juliana streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOUSE," and lately kept by MRS. COOK. This house is being thoroughly refitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS" and persons attending Court, will find this house a pleasant and comfortable temporary home.—Every attention will be paid to the comfort and accommodation of guests. The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges moderate.

Extensive stabling is attached to this hotel, and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance. Special attention will be paid to the accommodation of the farming community.

March 30th, 1860.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Florence Kramer use of John Cessna, Esq., Bryan Gardner & Co. Alexander Reynolds vs. Henry S. King } In the Common Pleas of Bedford co. No. 208 April T. 1860 Plu. Levari Facias No. 18 Feb'y, T 1861.

The undersigned appointed Auditor, to make distribution of money arising from sale of Real Estate of above Def't., find facts &c. will attend to the duties of his appointment on Friday 29th of March 1861, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, at which time all interested can attend.

R. D. BARCLAY,

March 1st, '61. Auditor.

NOTICE.—

The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he will commence a school term of four months, on Monday, April 8th. By request he will form a Normal Class, and offers superior inducements to those who are qualifying themselves for the business of teaching. Terms moderate and will be given on application to him.

CHA'S. W. GREENE.

March 1st, '61. 3t.

H. BANCROFT & CO.,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FRENCH, GERMAN AND ENGLISH FANCY GOODS,

No. 330 Market Street, Philadelphia.

May 18,'60.–1 ys.

DENTIST.

C. N. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.

Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

JACOB REED, G. W. RUPP, J. J. SCHELL

REED, RUPP AND SCHELL,

BANDERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

REFERENCES.

HON. JOE MANN,	Bedford,	Pa.
" JOHN CESSNA,	"	"
JOHN MOWER,	"	"
R. FORWARD,	Somerset,	"
BUNN, RAIGUEL & Co.,	Phil	"
J. WATT & Co.,	Pittsbur	"
J. W. CURLEY, & Co.,		"

CESSNA & SHANNON—

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

JOHN P. REED—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

O. H. GAITHER—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Pitt street, two doors east of the Gazette office. He will also attend to any surveying business that may be entrusted to him. [Nov. 4, '59.]

JOHN BORDER—

GUNSMITH, BEDFORD, PA.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN—

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

WOULD hereby notifiy the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.–tf.

MANN & SPANG—

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate. JOB MANN

Aug. 1, 1859. G. H. SPANG.

J. W. LINGENFELTER—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND LAND SURVEYOR.

Will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

WILL PRACTICE IN BEDFORD AND FULTON COUNTIES.

☞Office three doors North of the "Inquirer" Office.

DR. B. F. HARRY—

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

Aug. 1, 1859.

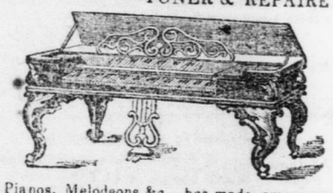
DR. F. C. REAMER—

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Aug. 1, 1859.

H. L. GODBOLD,

TUNER & REPAIRE



of Pianos, Melodeons &c., has made arrangements to visit this place regularly at stated periods. The next visit will be in October. Yearly contracts made. Price for tuning $2.00. First class pianos for sale. Orders to be left at the "Gazette" office. H. L. G. has permission to refer to the following persons for whom he has tuned :

Hon. A. King, Hon. S. L. Russell, John Mower, Esq., O. E. Shannon, Esq., Dr. W. H. Watson, Rev. S. Barnes, Mrs. Freytet.

June 29,'60.

FOR SALE,

OR EXCHANGE.

Three tracts of very choice farm land, containing 160 acres in each tract, situate on the Illinois Centrla R. R. in Champaign co., State of Illinois, 8 miles from the city of Urbana, and 1 mile from Rantoul Station on said road. Two of the tracts adjoin, and one of them has a never failing pond of water. The city of Urbana contains a population of 3000. Champaign is the greatest wheat growing country in the State.

Address, F. C. REAMER,

Bedford, Pa.

WINCHESTER & CO.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE,

—AND—

PATENT SHOULDER SEAM SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

No. 706 CHESTNUT Street,

Above Seventh, opposite the Washington House.

Fine Shirts and Drawers made from measurement at a few days notice and in all cases Warranted to fit. Formula for measurement furnished on application by mail. LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.

May 18,'60.–1 yr.

FALL TRADE NOTICE.

BUNN, RAIGUEL & CO.,

No. 137 North Third Street,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF FANCY DRY GOODS,

Invite the attention of Purchasers to their extensive Stock of Fancy Dry Goods, Silks, Embroideries, Cloths, Cassimeres &c.

May 18,'60.–

OSWEGO CORN STARCH, the best article, Dr. Harry's.

ESSENCE OF COFFEE, at Dr. Harry's.

Dec. 14t.